

## Unit 1 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. Last October.  
B. Last November.  
C. Last December.
2. A. Exciting.                      B. Interesting.  
C. Boring.
3. A. To Mount Tai.              B. To Penang Hill.  
C. To the Palace Museum.
4. A. By bike.                      B. By bus.  
C. By car.
5. A. She visited her uncle.  
B. She did her homework.  
C. She played volleyball.
6. A. To the mountains.  
B. To the museum.  
C. To the beach.
7. A. Wonderful.              B. Boring.  
C. Exciting.
8. A. It was delicious but expensive.  
B. It was not delicious.  
C. It was delicious and cheap.
9. A. He went swimming.  
B. He went fishing.  
C. He went camping.

10. A. Joe's brother.              B. Joe.  
C. Joe's friend.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. What did the boy do on vacation?  
A. He went to the mountains.  
B. He went to the farm.  
C. He stayed at home and watched TV.
12. How long did the girl stay in the countryside?  
A. For two days.  
B. For two weeks.  
C. For five weeks.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. How many children went to Green Beach last week?  
A. Two.                      B. Three.  
C. Four.
14. Where will the speakers go this Saturday?  
A. To the zoo.              B. To the bookstore.  
C. To the supermarket.
15. What are the boy's favorite animals?  
A. Tigers.                      B. Pandas.  
C. Elephants.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根

据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. The weather was \_\_\_\_\_ and windy last Saturday.
17. They went to the Tianlong Mountain by \_\_\_\_\_.
18. They \_\_\_\_\_ climb to the top of the mountain.
19. At about 11:00, they \_\_\_\_\_ the top.
20. The writer felt the food was \_\_\_\_\_.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Last winter, I went to Moscow myself. My children worried about me a lot 21 I was over 70 years old, but I still wanted 22 a vacation in Moscow. It was my dream place.

I flew there. It was really cold in Moscow. All the people 23 heavy clothes. I waited for the bus 24 my heavy bag. At that time, a young man drove to me.

"May I help you?" he asked.

"Yes, thank you," I said. "Is it OK 25 me? You may be busy."

He said, "It is OK. I 26 helping old people. Hope you have a great time in Moscow." I couldn't say a word. I was happy

that I met a good Russian.

His English was not good, but we had 27 happy talk on the way to the hotel. We talked about something about Moscow. When I arrived, I thanked 28 again and gave him some money, but he did not take it.

"I helped you not 29 money. I just hope my mom can get help one day," he said and drove away.

That is why I like traveling. I like 30 beautiful places and meeting kind people.

21. A. if B. or  
C. because D. when
22. A. have B. to have  
C. had D. has
23. A. wear B. wears  
C. wore D. wearing
24. A. with B. in  
C. for D. about
25. A. to help B. helping  
C. helps D. to helping
26. A. enjoy B. enjoys  
C. enjoyed D. enjoying
27. A. a B. an  
C. the D. /
28. A. he B. his  
C. him D. himself
29. A. with B. from  
C. by D. for
30. A. visit B. visiting  
C. visited D. visits

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳

答案,使短文连贯完整。

Susan went on a trip to Hastings with her classmates last Friday. They were very excited  
 31 it was their first school trip.

The night before, Susan prepared (把……准备好) things for the trip. She put a  
 32 in her bag because the weather was still cold. She also took some hamburgers, cakes, juice and candy.

Susan didn't sleep very well that night. She 33 very early the next morning. She got dressed, brushed her teeth and had breakfast at 7:15. Then she took her bag.

Her father drove 34 to school. Susan 35 her classmates outside the school. They waited for the bus for 10 minutes and when it 36, everyone got on it very quickly.

The 37 took about two hours. They spent most of the time singing and talking, so it really seemed very 38.

When they arrived in Hastings, the sun was bright (明亮的), but it was a little cold, so they couldn't 39 in the sea. They visited the castle (城堡) and had lunch in the park. Susan bought a T-shirt for her brother. They 40 at 7 p. m. and got home at about 9 o'clock. Susan was really tired, but she liked this school trip.

31. A. but                      B. so  
       C. if                        D. because  
 32. A. sweater                B. map  
       C. candle                D. flag  
 33. A. sat down               B. ate out

- C. got up                    D. ran away  
 34. A. him                    B. her  
       C. it                        D. them  
 35. A. saved                  B. met  
       C. taught                D. missed  
 36. A. spoke                  B. looked  
       C. arrived                D. went  
 37. A. visit                    B. exercise  
       C. ride                    D. test  
 38. A. long                    B. short  
       C. easy                    D. difficult  
 39. A. have                    B. swim  
       C. eat                     D. look  
 40. A. slept                    B. studied  
       C. read                    D. left

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

Students spend their vacation in different ways. Look at the report from some students of No.3 Middle School, and you will know how they spent their vacation.

Tim is a student of Grade 8. His uncle took him to Sanya and his aunt met them at the airport. He liked the beautiful beaches there best. He said, "It was wonderful to lie (躺) on the beaches and enjoy sunshine!"

Shelly went to Shanghai. She enjoyed the delicious food there and she also went shopping. She thought the life there was busy and the buildings were very tall. She said, "I want to go there again! Everything is so wonderful!"

Ben is a hard-working student. He stayed at home and studied for new lessons. He didn't think it was boring.

The three middle school students enjoyed different life during the vacation.

41. The report comes from \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. different middle schools  
B. diaries of some students  
C. all the students of No. 3 Middle School  
D. some students of No. 3 Middle School
42. What did Tim like doing in Sanya?  
A. Eating food.  
B. Going shopping.  
C. Lying on the beaches.  
D. Swimming in the sea.
43. Which of the following is TRUE?  
A. Shelly enjoyed her trip to Sanya.  
B. Ben studied at school during the vacation.  
C. Shelly liked the food in Shanghai.  
D. Tim didn't have a good time during the vacation.
44. The underlined word "hard-working" means "\_\_\_\_\_" in Chinese.  
A. 自豪的                      B. 遗憾的  
C. 勤奋的                      D. 糟糕的
45. The text is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. students' study  
B. students' vacation  
C. wonderful beaches  
D. a trip to Shanghai

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Hi! I'm Jodi Ettenberg. When I finished my work trip across Siberia in 2010, I decided to make that trip into an adventure (冒险) around the world. 46 Instead, I set out for my travel plan.

Learning about countries and their history is interesting. 47 So I usually pick places by food. I follow the map of special tastes to look for the stories behind the places. 48

To share photos and stories in my years of trip, I started my own website (网站). 49 I also tell people the way to try something similar (相似的). I never put anything not real or not useful on it.

I want some friends to follow along, and I love to write. With my trips going on, I will keep writing something new and interesting. 50 Welcome to my website. I hope you enjoy it!

- |   |
|---|
| <p>A. Would you like to know about my travel stories?</p> <p>B. I want to go somewhere interesting.</p> <p>C. And for me, food is the best way to talk with others.</p> <p>D. So I didn't return to my job in North America after that.</p> <p>E. I decided to go to China with my friends.</p> <p>F. On it, I tell others the lessons I have learned along my way.</p> <p>G. I feel lucky to visit those countries and try their delicious food.</p> |
|---|

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词



或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 一个小时后,我厌烦了,就离开了电影院。

After an hour, I got \_\_\_\_\_ and left the cinema.

52. 马克决定乘飞机去上海。

Mark \_\_\_\_\_ fly to Shanghai.

53. 似乎要下雨了,你最好乘坐出租车回家。

It \_\_\_\_\_. You'd better take a taxi home.

54. 旅行期间你们拍了不少照片吗?

Did you take \_\_\_\_\_ photos during the trip?

55. 她五岁时开始写日记。

She began to \_\_\_\_\_ when she was five.

VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共10小题,计10分)

hotel, be, sun, wonder, enjoy, sing, swim, get, you, vacation

I went to Hawaii last summer. It is a 56. \_\_\_\_\_ place. People from all over the world go there on 57. \_\_\_\_\_ every year. The weather 58. \_\_\_\_\_ nice during my stay. It was 59. \_\_\_\_\_ every day. It was my dream to see the sun going down there. So my family and I 60. \_\_\_\_\_ the sunset at the seaside. I saw many people there. Some

played on the beach and some 61. \_\_\_\_\_ in the sea. At night, people got together to have a party. We 62. \_\_\_\_\_ and danced. I had a great time there. In the past, it was difficult for travelers to go to Hawaii. And there were no big 63. \_\_\_\_\_ like the ones today. But now things have changed. It's easy for people to 64. \_\_\_\_\_ there and there are lots of nice big hotels. What do you think of the beautiful place? Would you like to pay a visit to Hawaii? I'm sure you'll enjoy 65. \_\_\_\_\_ here.

VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共5小题,计10分)

Today is the last day of my summer vacation in Sanya. A special old man brought me different feelings.

I came here to swim, do shopping and ride a bike many times before. I often walked along the beach with my mom. Looking at the same view around, I was a little tired of it. Everything was the same and nothing was interesting. I always complained to my mom that I didn't want to come here again. But today I met an old man. He taught me something important. He also gave me some happy feelings.

The old man walked, enjoyed the view and sang a song. When he saw us, he stopped and waited for us to walk past. When we walked by, he said good morning with a big smile. It was like we were old friends. I looked at his face and gave him a smile, too. The smile was from my heart. I thought the

black clouds over my head went away.

You see, being happy is so easy. Just smile to everyone you meet.

66. Where did the writer go on her summer vacation?

She went to \_\_\_\_\_.

67. What does the underlined word "complained" mean in Chinese?

It means "\_\_\_\_\_" in Chinese.

68. Who did the writer go to Sanya with?

She went there with \_\_\_\_\_.

69. Why didn't the writer want to come to Sanya again?

Because she went there many times and she was \_\_\_\_\_.

70. What did the old man give the writer?

He gave her some \_\_\_\_\_.

### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Hi, Billy. Long time no see. How was your winter vacation?

B: Not very good.

A: 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I wanted to go to Beijing for my vacation.

But it snowed hard those days, so I had to stay at home.

A: What a pity (遗憾)!

B: 72. \_\_\_\_\_? Did you go anywhere interesting?

A: Yes, I went to Xiamen. The weather was nice.

B: 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: I went there with my parents.

B: 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: We did quite a few things there. We took a walk on the beach. I also tried paragliding. It was scary but exciting.

B: It seems that you had a great time.

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_.

### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假如你是 Kevin,正和朋友们在西安旅游。请给你的父母写一封电子邮件,告诉他们你在西安旅游的情况。

提示:1. What places did you visit there?

2. How was the weather?

3. What were the people there like?

4. How do you like the trip?

要求:1. 邮件须包括所有提示内容,可适当发挥;

2. 表达正确,语句通顺;

3. 词数:不少于70。(邮件的开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。)

Dear Mom and Dad,

I am writing this e-mail to tell you about my trip in Xi'an. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Love,

Kevin

## Unit 2 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟 满分:100分 完成时间: 得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. Twice a week.      B. Once a week.  
C. Never.
2. A. 8.      B. 5.      C. 3.
3. A. Jason's sister.      B. Jason.  
C. Rose.
4. A. He draws pictures or plays tennis.  
B. He draws pictures or plays chess.  
C. He plays chess or tennis.
5. A. At home.      B. At her office.  
C. In the supermarket.
6. A. She goes to the movies.  
B. She goes to the zoo.  
C. She watches TV.
7. A. About six hours.  
B. About eight hours.  
C. About nine hours.
8. A. Jim.      B. Linda.  
C. Jim's sister.
9. A. Juice.      B. Water.  
C. Milk.
10. A. Once a month.      B. Twice a month.  
C. Three times a week.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后

有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. How often does Jack watch TV?  
A. Never.      B. Every evening.  
C. Twice a week.
12. What does Jack's brother like doing?  
A. Watching TV.      B. Drawing pictures.  
C. Playing sports.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. What is the boy busy with these days?  
A. The math exam.  
B. The English exam.  
C. The after-school programs.
14. When are they probably going to relax?  
A. On Monday.      B. On Friday.  
C. On Sunday.
15. Where are they going to relax at last?  
A. In the park.      B. In the zoo.  
C. In the mountains.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Tony never eats \_\_\_\_\_.
17. Tony exercises \_\_\_\_\_ a week.
18. Tony's favorite sport is \_\_\_\_\_.

19. Ann doesn't like drinking \_\_\_\_\_.
20. Ann usually \_\_\_\_\_ with her sister on Sundays.

## 第二部分(笔试 共70分)

### III. 完形填空(共20小题,计20分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

When children go to middle school, they get busy. They need free time 21. If parents and their children can find free time activities to enjoy together, it'll be 22 to both of them.

#### How children spend their free time

All children 23 different. But many of them like to spend their free time doing things like shopping, going to the park 24 going swimming. Children also like to kill their free time by taking part in (参加) after-school activities, 25 going to the art club and playing sports.

#### Free time with families

A lot of children also like 26 their free time with their parents. Parents are 27 when they can spend time with their children. It's also 28 good way to know more about each other. But sometimes children just want to spend time 29 themselves. Then parents should give 30 some free time. And they will learn to balance (平衡) the time spent by themselves and with families.

- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| 21. A. relax   | B. to relax  |
| C. relaxing    | D. relaxes   |
| 22. A. useful  | B. use       |
| C. used        | D. to use    |
| 23. A. be      | B. is        |
| C. are         | D. am        |
| 24. A. as      | B. but       |
| C. so          | D. or        |
| 25. A. such as | B. at least  |
| C. because of  | D. less than |
| 26. A. spend   | B. spending  |
| C. spent       | D. spends    |
| 27. A. happy   | B. happily   |
| C. sad         | D. sadly     |
| 28. A. a       | B. an        |
| C. the         | D. /         |
| 29. A. through | B. from      |
| C. in          | D. by        |
| 30. A. them    | B. they      |
| C. we          | D. us        |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

I'm Li Ming, a student from No. 1 Middle School. We made a survey about students' 31 in our school last week. So I can tell you the 32 of the survey. Most students exercise three or four 33 a week. 34 students exercise once or twice a week. Some students are very active (活跃的) and exercise every day. About homework, most of 35 do homework every day. Some students do homework three or four times a week. 36 student does

homework once or twice a week. The results for watching TV are 37. Some students watch TV once or twice a week, some students watch TV three or four times a week, but most students 38 TV every day. Most students use the 39 once or twice a week, but I 40 do that at home, because I don't have a computer.

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| 31. A. habits  | B. activities  |
| C. classes     | D. sports      |
| 32. A. results | B. numbers     |
| C. students    | D. times       |
| 33. A. books   | B. bags        |
| C. times       | D. hands       |
| 34. A. Much    | B. Little      |
| C. Few         | D. Some        |
| 35. A. you     | B. us          |
| C. they        | D. it          |
| 36. A. Most    | B. No          |
| C. All         | D. There       |
| 37. A. good    | B. bad         |
| C. interesting | D. boring      |
| 38. A. look    | B. see         |
| C. notice      | D. watch       |
| 39. A. TV      | B. Internet    |
| C. sea         | D. lake        |
| 40. A. usually | B. sometimes   |
| C. often       | D. hardly ever |

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

Basketball is a popular sport all over the world. Do you really know everything about

basketball? The following is something about basketball you may don't know.

First, do you really have to be tall to play basketball? No! Some short people are also good at playing basketball. It's easy for them to get the ball, because they can move fast. It doesn't matter if you can't be the next Yao Ming. Short people can play as well as tall people.

Second, it's hard to keep an eye on your teammates in a game. They all run around the court. Maybe you can't find them when you need them, so it's important to practice with your teammates often. Always remember you are in a team and you are not the only player.

Last, do you know any rules of the basketball game? In an NBA game, every basketball team has five players. The game is divided into (被分为) two halves. Each half has two parts. Each part lasts 12 minutes, and there are 15 minutes for players to have a rest between the two halves.

41. What does the writer think of short people?

- A. They can't play basketball.  
B. It's very difficult for them to get the ball.  
C. They can also be good basketball players.  
D. They don't like tall players like Yao Ming.

42. What does the underlined word "court" mean in Chinese?

- A. 街道                      B. 球场

- C. 走廊                      D. 校园
43. In an NBA game, players can rest for \_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ between the two halves.  
A. 12 minutes              B. half an hour  
C. 24 minutes              D. 15 minutes
44. What does the last paragraph mainly tell us?  
A. Some rules of an NBA game.  
B. How long an NBA game lasts.  
C. There is a 15-minute break in an NBA game.  
D. Playing basketball helps people grow taller.
45. What's the best title for the text?  
A. A Great Basketball Player  
B. How to Play Basketball Well  
C. Basketball: A Popular Sport  
D. Basketball Player: My Dream

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Doing exercise is very important for everyone. But it can be a little difficult to keep an exercise plan when winter comes.

46 Do you have the same problem? I'll tell you what you can do to change the situation.

To stay active during the winter, you should first make it as easy as possible to do your exercise. 47 The following advice will give you some ideas for making winter exercise more comfortable and more enjoyable.

48 If you want to exercise outside,

you might keep the clothes in the dryer for a few minutes before that. It's often harder to get warmed up when it's cold outside. Putting on clothes fresh from the dryer is just one way to get your body warm.

49 If it's really cold outside, you may try a quick shower to get you warm before you do exercise.

Walk indoors. 50 To get out of the cold weather of winter, you can simply walk indoors, probably in the living area of your room. Walking indoors makes you feel safe and gives you a dry and warm temperature to do it.

- A. Take a hot shower.  
B. Walking is a good way to stay healthy.  
C. Put your sports clothes in the dryer.  
D. The cold weather makes you want to stay in your warm bed.  
E. Second, make something different before you lose interest in doing exercise.  
F. You may be too lazy to run.  
G. Get up on time every day.

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 也许她在图书馆。

\_\_\_\_\_ she is in the library.

52. 他买了许多水果,如苹果、桃子等。

He bought a lot of fruit, \_\_\_\_\_  
apples and peaches.

53. 海伦昨晚熬夜了。

Helen \_\_\_\_\_ last night.

54. 她早上几乎不锻炼。

She \_\_\_\_\_ exercises in the morning.

55. 这个班有 20 多名学生每天做运动。

\_\_\_\_\_ 20 students in the class do exercise every day.

VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

play, real, favorite, weekend, we, say, one, wonder, time, like

I'm interested in playing sports. I like playing every sport, but my 56. \_\_\_\_\_ one is tennis. Behind my house, there is a tennis court. Three or four 57. \_\_\_\_\_ a week, I play tennis happily with my sister or my brother on this court after school. We always enjoy 58. \_\_\_\_\_. However, sometimes I play with my father too, because he also 59. \_\_\_\_\_ playing tennis. He always 60. \_\_\_\_\_ to us, "Tennis is a popular sport for both young and old people." Besides 61. \_\_\_\_\_ sports, I also like taking a trip with my friends. From Monday to Friday, I don't have a lot of free time. But I have a lot of free time on 62. \_\_\_\_\_. So 63. \_\_\_\_\_ a week, we go for a ride to villages far away from our city. We 64. \_\_\_\_\_ like the fresh air and beautiful views in the countryside. After we get back from the trip, I often spend

time watching TV at home, because there are many 65. \_\_\_\_\_ shows on Saturdays and Sundays. I enjoy my free time!

VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

Here is something about how to keep healthy on the Internet.

Good sleep is important for your health. You need about eight hours' sleep a night. Don't eat or read in bed. A cup of milk before sleeping may help you get a good sleep. Go to bed before 10:00 and get up early every morning. For more information, please visit [www.sleeping.com](http://www.sleeping.com).

How often do you exercise? If you want to stay healthy, you should do a lot of exercise. Try to exercise for 30 minutes a day, three or four times a week. For more information, please call Health Line at 180-2000.

Studies show that the cold or flu virus (流感病毒) can live on our hands for long. So you should wash your hands often with soap and water. If you want to know more, please call Health Line at 180-1313.

Brush your teeth twice a day. And see a dentist at least once a year. The examination is not only for the health of teeth, but the whole body. Please visit [www.mydr.com](http://www.mydr.com) for more information.

66. How long do we need to sleep a night?

We need to sleep for \_\_\_\_\_ a night.

67. What may help us get a good sleep?

A cup of \_\_\_\_\_ before

sleeping.

68. How often can we exercise if we want to stay healthy?

a week.

69. What can we get if we call at 180-2000?

We can get

70. Where is this passage from?

It's from \_\_\_\_\_.

## VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Michael, do you like sports?

B: Of course I do. Sports are good for our health.

A: 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I like football best.

A: 72. ?

B: Four times a week. 73. ?

A: I don't like sports at all. But I like watching TV.

B: How often do you watch TV?

A: I watch TV every day.

B: Really? 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: Three hours every day.

B: 75.

A: You're right. I won't watch TV too much.

## IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

每个人都有自己的习惯,有些习惯让你获益颇多,有些习惯则会对你的健康和学习造成不良影响。请根据下面的表格提示,以“My habits”为题写一篇短文。

提示：

好习惯	坏习惯
每天至少阅读一小时 两周可以读完一本书	周日总是玩电脑游戏 很少锻炼身体
思考:这些习惯对你有什么影响? 你将如何改掉坏习惯?	

要求:1. 语言通顺,行文连贯,内容充实;

2. 70 词左右。(开头已给出,不计入总词数。)

## My habits

Habits play an important role in our lives. Everyone has good habits and bad ones, and so do I.

[illegible]



## Unit 3 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. Alice.                      B. Lisa.  
C. We don't know.
2. A. Sam.                      B. Tom.  
C. Jim.
3. A. 12 years old.              B. 14 years old.  
C. 16 years old.
4. A. Football.                B. Basketball.  
C. Volleyball.
5. A. On Tuesday afternoon.  
B. On Thursday morning.  
C. On Thursday afternoon.
6. A. She wears red clothes.  
B. She has brown hair.  
C. She wears brown clothes.
7. A. Singing.                B. Drawing.  
C. Reading.
8. A. Sam.              B. Tom.              C. Bill.
9. A. At 7:20.  
B. At 7:30.  
C. At 7:35.
10. A. He is smarter.  
B. He is more serious.  
C. He is more hard-working.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后

有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. How old is Tina?  
A. Twelve.                      B. Eleven.  
C. Ten.
12. Who is more hard-working?  
A. Tina.                      B. Vince.  
C. We don't know.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. What is Kevin good at?  
A. Singing.                      B. Drawing.  
C. Dancing.
14. What does the boy often do with Kevin?  
A. They often listen to music together.  
B. They often buy CDs together.  
C. They often watch movies together.
15. When is the school party?  
A. This Friday.  
B. This Saturday.  
C. This Sunday.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Susan likes to have \_\_\_\_\_  
who are like her.
17. Susan and Emma stayed in Malaysia for \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ last summer vacation.

18. Mary's best friend Judy is \_\_\_\_\_ her.
19. Judy can \_\_\_\_\_ very well.
20. Bill thinks friends are \_\_\_\_\_ to him.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

If you want to have true friends, you should be a true friend yourself. Wonder 21 you can do? Here is some advice.

#### ★ Laugh and cry together.

Laughing with a friend is the best, 22 sometimes crying brings you closer together. Don't be afraid to be 23 when you stay with your friends. Show your true feelings to your friends. Then you will know each other much 24.

#### ★ Be a nice gift giver.

Gift-giving isn't just for birthdays or holidays — it can be 25 fun way of making your friends feel special! But you don't need to buy expensive gifts. Making things by yourself 26 your care, because you put time and ideas into your gifts.

#### ★ Stand up for him or her.

If someone laughs at your friend, don't just stand there 27. Do something about it! You can try 28 a smart way to solve (解决) the problem and make others look at your friend differently. Sometimes, it's

necessary 29 to make him or her feel better. It 30 be easy, but it's what a good friend should do!

- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| 21. A. who     | B. when       |
| C. what        | D. how        |
| 22. A. because | B. but        |
| C. if          | D. or         |
| 23. A. you     | B. your       |
| C. yourself    | D. yours      |
| 24. A. good    | B. well       |
| C. better      | D. best       |
| 25. A. an      | B. the        |
| C. a           | D. /          |
| 26. A. shows   | B. show       |
| C. showed      | D. showing    |
| 27. A. quickly | B. quietly    |
| C. quick       | D. quiet      |
| 28. A. to find | B. find       |
| C. found       | D. be finding |
| 29. A. of      | B. for        |
| C. to          | D. with       |
| 30. A. may     | B. must       |
| C. may not     | D. mustn't    |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Tom is my son. We live in Budapest, Hungary. Tom will be 16 this November. He likes wearing sports clothes and looks cool in 31. He has short brown hair and beautiful brown eyes.

Tom is a high school student. He has a big 32 — he would like to be an engineer. He is a friendly and outgoing boy, and has lots of friends. 33 of his friends

are good computer players. Tom likes to spend time with them and 34 them. As for 35, Tom likes bike riding and swimming. He likes traveling, too. He has visited a lot of places in Hungary and many other 36 such as France, Russia and the UK. Tom wants to do a lot of things.

37, half a year ago, Tom got seriously ill. He had to stay in the ICU. Tom had very 38 time there, but he didn't give up. I know he 39 very hard to live. Luckily, he is getting much better now. Although he is still in the ICU, 40, he can talk to me. I'm sure he will be OK. He still has a lot to do in life.

- |                    |               |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 31. A. it          | B. him        |
| C. us              | D. them       |
| 32. A. dream       | B. job        |
| C. problem         | D. story      |
| 33. A. Few         | B. Either     |
| C. Most            | D. None       |
| 34. A. talk about  | B. learn from |
| C. think of        | D. wait for   |
| 35. A. sports      | B. art        |
| C. music           | D. science    |
| 36. A. villages    | B. towns      |
| C. cities          | D. countries  |
| 37. A. Again       | B. Luckily    |
| C. However         | D. Similarly  |
| 38. A. old         | B. new        |
| C. difficult       | D. easy       |
| 39. A. tried       | B. played     |
| C. looked          | D. stayed     |
| 40. A. for example | B. of course  |
| C. in this way     | D. at least   |

#### IV. 阅读理解(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

第一节: 阅读下面一篇短文, 从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

Sometimes you may have lots of things to do and you feel busy and anxious. You may wonder, "Where does the time go?" Here are some ideas to make you find more free time to enjoy your life.

**Say no to yourself.** If you're not interested in some activities, then don't go. Stay at home and relax. Or if you want to go to a fruit shop but the weather is hot, you'd better stay in your garden. It's fine to change your mind and do your shopping tomorrow.

**Change your pace** (步伐). If you usually do your fruit shopping on Saturdays, you can go there on weekday nights. There are less people on weekday nights than Saturdays. You can feel better if you think of your way home as taking a walk.

**Focus on simple pleasure** (专注简单的快乐). When you finish your day's work, make time for yourself. It doesn't need to spend too much money relaxing. A bath or a good cup of coffee can be enough. Although expensive relaxation is nice, when you focus on simple pleasure, you will get more.

41. What's the main idea of the passage?

- A. It's about how to find more time to work.
- B. It's about how to find more ways to shop.
- C. It's about how to find more free time to

enjoy the life.

- D. It's about how to find more ways to do some cleaning.
42. According to the passage, what should you do if you don't want to take part in an activity?
- A. Go shopping.  
B. Do homework at home.  
C. Stay at home and relax.  
D. Work in the garden.
43. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ if it is hot according to the passage.
- A. do fruit shopping  
B. stay in your garden  
C. clean your room  
D. drink a cup of coffee
44. What's the main idea of Paragraph 3?
- A. It's good to do fruit shopping on Saturdays.  
B. Taking a walk home makes you feel better.  
C. There are many people in the fruit shop on Saturdays.  
D. Changing the ways of doing things makes you feel better.
45. What can make you relax according to the passage?
- A. Buying expensive clothes for yourself.  
B. Spending too much money on a nice dinner.  
C. Drinking a cup of coffee.  
D. Doing housework.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项

中有两项为多余选项。

Laura is my cousin. She's five years older than me, so she's 19 years old now and she lives in Bristol. 46 She has long curly brown hair and brown-green eyes. She's of medium height and very thin because she's a dancer.

She started dancing when she was six years old. 47 She wants to be a professional (专业的) dancer. Although it's very difficult, she is trying her best to make it. She often dances in shows and I've been to watch her a few times. Usually, it was easy for me to find her from the group of dancers.

48

Laura is very busy because she also studies photography (摄影) at a school. She is really a good photographer and has taken lots of beautiful photos of me and my family.

49 We were happy to know that she won it. Laura is also trying to learn German (德语) because she wants to go to Germany next year to take photography classes.

As you see, my cousin Laura is very excellent. 50

- A. She's very friendly and smart.  
B. She practices almost every day.  
C. She likes taking photos.  
D. I think I need to learn a lot from her.  
E. That is because she danced the most beautifully of all.  
F. I want to learn dancing very much.  
G. Early this year she went to a photo competition in the city.

**V. 完成句子: 根据所给汉语意思, 用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)**

51. 事实上, 我根本不知道发生了什么。  
\_\_\_\_\_, I didn't know what happened at all.
52. 作为一名小学教师, 我能做些什么呢?  
As a \_\_\_\_\_ school teacher, what can I do?
53. 只要你愿意, 我们可以去任何地方。  
We can go anywhere \_\_\_\_\_ you like.
54. 你错了! 我们都很在意你的想法。  
You're wrong! We all \_\_\_\_\_ your thoughts.
55. 我买了和你的一模一样的运动鞋。  
I bought \_\_\_\_\_ sports shoes \_\_\_\_\_ yours.

**VI. 短文填空: 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次, 每空限填一个单词。)(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)**

be, usual, mirror, high, show, we, subject, animal, decide, sad

I was adopted (被领养) when I was a baby. Last year, my mom 56. \_\_\_\_\_ me a picture of a little girl. I thought it 57. \_\_\_\_\_ me, but Mom said it was Audrey, my twin (双胞胎之一的) sister. I never knew I had a twin sister! Audrey's mom found my mom on the Internet. After a serious talk, they 58. \_\_\_\_\_ to let Audrey and me know about this.

Later a TV station in New York City got to know our story and asked 59. \_\_\_\_\_ to take part in a TV show. Our meeting was

great. When I saw Audrey, I felt like looking into a 60. \_\_\_\_\_. She is almost the same as me. We are of the same build and 61. \_\_\_\_\_. We both wear glasses and have long hair. As we talked, I found that we were alike in many ways. We are both outgoing and funny. We both care about 62. \_\_\_\_\_. We talk the same and laugh the same. Our favorite 63. \_\_\_\_\_ is the same, too. It's math.

It's wonderful to have a twin sister, but sometimes I get a little 64. \_\_\_\_\_ because we're so busy and can't visit each other often. We 65. \_\_\_\_\_ have video chats (视频聊天). I hope to visit Audrey this summer vacation. I can't wait to see her again!

**VII. 任务型阅读: 阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 完成下列各题。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)**

On television, talk shows are very popular. Many people enjoy watching them. American host Oprah Winfrey once had a number-one talk show on TV. Oprah is very smart and she is really good at talking to people. She asked people interesting questions on her show. She laughed and cried with them. She got them to open up and tell the true stories about themselves.

Oprah is far more than a talk show host! She is also an actress and has her own magazine. She does all she can to help children. She gets people to read more, help others, and work hard for a better life. In her eyes, all these things are worthwhile (值得的). She's happy because she has a full life.

Oprah's life isn't always so happy. When

she was a little kid, her mother was poor and young and could not take care of her. Oprah lived on her grandmother's farm and she had no friends and no toys there. Sometimes she got into fights with other kids. Luckily, she went to live with her father later. Oprah said her father saved her life. He took good care of her and made her follow his rules. She became a good student. Then she got a job reading the news on the radio when she was still in high school! Oprah Winfrey was on her way.

66. What is Oprah Winfrey?

She is a \_\_\_\_\_.

67. What is Oprah good at?

She is good at \_\_\_\_\_.

68. Why is Oprah happy?

Because she has \_\_\_\_\_.

69. Where did Oprah live when she was young?

She lived on \_\_\_\_\_.

70. Who saved Oprah's life?

Her \_\_\_\_\_.

### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Kate, who is Lisa?

B: Oh, she is my best friend. We study in the same school.

A: 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: She has long straight hair. And she is thinner and taller than me.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: She is fourteen. She is one year older than me.

A: 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Yes, she likes to do the same things as me. We both like sports.

A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: She likes playing volleyball.

A: Oh, I like playing volleyball, too. Can you introduce (介绍) her to me? 75. \_\_\_\_\_.

B: OK. I think you will become good friends soon.

### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假如你是 Tom, 一个月前你很高兴结识了一位新朋友,通过和他相处你发现了你们之间的异同,你迫不及待地想和你的笔友 Dave 分享此事。请根据以下提示给 Dave 写一封电子邮件。

提示:1. What's your new friend's name?

2. In what ways are you similar?

3. In what ways are you different?

要求:1. 语句通顺,表达正确;

2. 短文须包括所有提示内容,可适当发挥;

3. 词数:70 左右。(开头已给出,但不计入总词数。)

Dear Dave,

I am happy to say that I made a new friend a month ago. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,  
Tom

## Unit 4 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. Bill.                      B. Sue.  
C. Tara.
2. A. In a restaurant.    B. In a bookstore.  
C. In a clothes store.
3. A. Playing the violin.  
B. Playing basketball.  
C. Playing volleyball.
4. A. In the morning.  
B. In the afternoon.  
C. In the evening.
5. A. Her aunt.              B. Her teacher.  
C. Her mother.
6. A. A movie theater.    B. A TV play.  
C. A talent show.
7. A. Tom.                      B. Rose.  
C. Rita.
8. A. In a hospital.  
B. In a clothes store.  
C. In a park.
9. A. Sky Restaurant.    B. Sun Restaurant.  
C. Moon Restaurant.
10. A. Because it has the most expensive clothes in town.  
B. Because it has the worst service in town.

C. Because it has the worst clothes in town.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. When did Molly buy the sweater?  
A. This morning.  
B. Yesterday evening.  
C. Yesterday morning.
12. Why does Molly like going to Jeans Corner?  
A. Because it has the best service.  
B. Because it has the cheapest clothes.  
C. Because the clothes there are of the best quality.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. Who told Jack the news?  
A. Mr. Smith.              B. Mr. Miller.  
C. Mr. White.
14. When are they going there?  
A. Next Thursday.    B. Next Friday.  
C. Next Saturday.
15. How will they go there?  
A. By car.                      B. By bus.  
C. By train.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)



16. Mr. Johnson has a hotel in a \_\_\_\_\_ city by the sea.
17. Lots of visitors think Mr. Johnson's hotel is \_\_\_\_\_.
18. The young man asked for \_\_\_\_\_ in the hotel.
19. The room was on the \_\_\_\_\_ floor.
20. There's only a \_\_\_\_\_ in the bag.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Athena was born in Ukraine. She liked painting. She 21 so hard on it that she could draw beautifully.

Athena wanted 22 an artist to be her teacher in her country. But it seemed that all the 23 were not creative enough. They only painted in old ways. She couldn't learn more 24 them. So Athena went to the United States when she was 14. And that 25 her a good chance.

Athena first worked at 26 food store. She painted on the store's menu. A customer (顾客) saw that and asked if she would help to paint faces. It was a good start. Later, the girl saw people 27 body painting. "It is more exciting and much 28 than just painting faces," she said. So she started to do it.

Athena did very well and almost 29

loved her artworks (艺术作品). She also won many prizes for 30 paintings. She said, "I like this kind of art. When I paint, I can't stop."

21. A. work                      B. worked  
C. works                      D. is working
22. A. to choose                B. chose  
C. chooses                    D. choosing
23. A. artists                    B. artist  
C. artists'                    D. artist's
24. A. of                          B. to  
C. from                        D. about
25. A. giving                    B. to give  
C. give                        D. gave
26. A. a                            B. an  
C. the                            D. /
27. A. does                      B. to do  
C. doing                        D. did
28. A. worse                    B. better  
C. bad                          D. good
29. A. nothing                    B. nobody  
C. everything                    D. everybody
30. A. her                         B. she  
C. hers                         D. his

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Maddy was so happy to hear that Jared Baxter was coming to her town. She really wanted to go to his show! She hoped her parents could let 31 go.

"Mom, Dad? I need to 32 you something. Where are you?" Maddy found her parents in the kitchen. She knew that getting them to say yes would not be 33. But she felt there was hope. Her friends, Lily and



Dana, would go and their parents had said yes this time.

“I really want to get a 34 to the Jared Baxter show,” Maddy started. “I have saved up my pocket money so I can 35 it myself. I know that Lily and Dana will go. The show is really important to me,” Maddy said slowly 36 she wanted to show her parents that she was serious.

“It’s on a school night. That is going to make it pretty hard that week,” said her mom, with a(n) 37 look on her face. “Will you still have time 38 homework and piano practice?”

“I promise (保证) to do both! Can I please buy the ticket?” Maddy asked.

“Well, as long as Lily and Dana can go. Have their mothers 39 me,” her mom said. “And then you will go.”

Maddy was so excited. Now the next 40 would be waiting so long for the day of the show!

- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| 31. A. it      | B. him       |
| C. her         | D. them      |
| 32. A. teach   | B. show      |
| C. ask         | D. read      |
| 33. A. easy    | B. slow      |
| C. interesting | D. necessary |
| 34. A. place   | B. ticket    |
| C. ride        | D. message   |
| 35. A. watch   | B. buy       |
| C. share       | D. try       |
| 36. A. because | B. before    |
| C. when        | D. if        |
| 37. A. angry   | B. boring    |
| C. funny       | D. worried   |

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| 38. A. to      | B. of          |
| C. for         | D. with        |
| 39. A. help    | B. save        |
| C. call        | D. follow      |
| 40. A. program | B. problem     |
| C. activity    | D. competition |

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

Shing Mun Country Park is a country park in Hong Kong. It is a great place to get away from the busy city. You can have a good time there. The park is in northwestern Kowloon, in the hills of Tai Mo Shan. It is easy to go there by bus.

Shing Mun Country Park was opened in 1972. There were not so many country parks in Hong Kong at that time. Now, it is still one of the most popular country parks in Hong Kong.

The Country Park Visitor Center is at the entrance (入口) to the park. You can find useful information about the history of the country park there. You can get a map of the country park there, too.

In Shing Mun Country Park, you can see many flowers and trees. The best way to enjoy the beautiful country park is to walk along the banks of Tai Shing Stream. You will see the wonderful scenery on the way.

There is a campsite (野营地) near the park. It’s a lovely place to spend time with friends and family. People can have fun in the campsite.

The country park is open all year round.

The best time to go there is spring and autumn because the weather is the best for hiking.

41. Where is Shing Mun Country Park?
  - A. It's in northeastern Taipei.
  - B. It's on Lantau Island.
  - C. It's in the hills of Tai Mo Shan.
  - D. It's in the hills of Tai Ping Shan.
42. According to the text, it is easy to go to Shing Mun Country Park \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. by bus                      B. by train
  - C. by boat                      D. by plane
43. Where can people get a map of the country park?
  - A. At the campsite.
  - B. At the Country Park Visitor Center.
  - C. At the supermarket.
  - D. At the hotel.
44. Which of the following is TRUE about Shing Mun Country Park?
  - A. It was opened in 1973.
  - B. There are many big animals in this park.
  - C. It is one of the most popular country parks in Hong Kong.
  - D. Few people like going there now.
45. What can we know from the passage?
  - A. Shing Mun Country Park is closed on holiday.
  - B. People had better visit Shing Mun Country Park in spring and autumn.
  - C. People can go fishing in Shing Mun Country Park.
  - D. Tai Shing Stream is a good place to go swimming.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项

中有两项为多余选项。

Lixin Primary School is in the mountain area of Hanzhong. Gao Ziren, 60, has taught there for 42 years. 46

Gao couldn't move his left leg because of the illness (疾病) he suffered when he was 1 year old. But he worked hard to finish his studies and became a teacher in the school. It's hard for him to walk miles between his home and the school every day, but he never gives up. "The village doesn't have much money so the roads are bad. 47 I fell down many times," Gao said. "But I love being a teacher here. 48 "

In the beginning, Gao's Mandarin (普通话) was not so good. To improve (提高) himself, Gao kept listening to radio programs. 49

" 50 That's my most enjoyable time," Gao said.

- A. They become muddy (泥泞的) when it rains or snows.
- B. They are so cute and nice.
- C. Different from others, Gao can only walk with a crutch (拐杖).
- D. Now he can teach his students in great Mandarin.
- E. So I always leave home early to go to school.
- F. But I don't want to leave the school.
- G. I have taught many students and some of them visit me during the holidays.

V. 完成句子: 根据所给汉语意思, 用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

51. 你怎么对什么都不当回事呢?

Why don't you take anything \_\_\_\_\_?

52. 到目前为止你认为这档电视节目怎么样?

How do you like this TV program \_\_\_\_\_?

53. 他们是好朋友吗? 可是他们没有任何共同点。

Are they good friends? But they \_\_\_\_\_.

54. 他家有各种各样的书。

There are \_\_\_\_\_ books in his house.

55. 父母在孩子的生活中扮演着重要的角色。

Parents \_\_\_\_\_ in their children's life.

VI. 短文填空: 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次, 每空限填一个单词。)(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

good, find, be, beautiful, year,  
choose, follow, do, talent, learn

I'm a piano teacher. I can feel clearly how talent and hard work influence (影响) my students.

In fact, not everybody 56. \_\_\_\_\_ good at playing the piano when they came to this world. For example, some of my students just spend two or three months 57. \_\_\_\_\_ to play the piano well. But other students need to learn for 58. \_\_\_\_\_. Many of my

59. \_\_\_\_\_ students learn faster than I did before. But talent doesn't always bring a good result. When playing the piano seems easy to a student, he or she sometimes 60. \_\_\_\_\_ it boring and then gives up.

Some of my students work very hard. But they still can't play the piano 61. \_\_\_\_\_. I teach them again and again, and they practice for long. However, it just 62. \_\_\_\_\_ not work for these students. In my eyes, it is not necessary to do everything very well. When you really don't have any talent for something, the 63. \_\_\_\_\_ way is to give up. Then you can 64. \_\_\_\_\_ what you are really interested in or good at, and put all your heart into it.

Both talent and hard work play important roles in learning. If you want to do the best, you need to 65. \_\_\_\_\_ your talent and work as hard as you can. Don't give up halfway.

VII. 任务型阅读: 阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 完成下列各题。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Clothes are important and necessary to us, but do you know how to choose suitable clothes in a correct way? Here are some ideas for you.

When you go shopping and want to buy some clothes, you should think about which kind of clothes you really need and decide how much money you can spend on them. Then look at the labels (标签) that are inside the new clothes. They tell you how to take care of the clothes. The label for a shirt may tell you to wash it in warm water. A sweater label may tell you to wash it in cold water. The label on

a coat may say “dry clean only” and cleaning in water may ruin (毁坏) this coat. If you do as the directions say on the label, you can keep your clothes looking their best.

Many clothes today must be dry-cleaned. Dry cleaning is expensive. When buying new clothes, you had better check if they need to be dry-cleaned. You can save money if you buy clothes that can be washed or that are well-made. Well-made clothes last longer. They look good even after they have been washed many times.

Clothes that cost more money don't always mean they are better made. They may not fit you, either. On the other hand, less expensive clothes may sometimes look better and fit you well.

66. What is the passage mainly about?

It is mainly about how to \_\_\_\_\_.

67. What can the labels tell us?

They can tell us \_\_\_\_\_.

68. What does the writer think of dry cleaning?

It is \_\_\_\_\_.

69. Why do we need to buy well-made clothes?

Because they \_\_\_\_\_.

70. What does the writer think of the less expensive clothes?

They sometimes \_\_\_\_\_.

### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Good afternoon, Bill!

B: Good afternoon, Amy!

A: I hear that an exciting movie will be on this evening. 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Yes, I'd like to. I have nothing to do this evening. 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: What about City Cinema?

B: 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: Because it has the biggest screens and the best sound.

B: 74. \_\_\_\_\_. Let's go to Happy Cinema. It is close and it is the cheapest.

A: Sounds good. 75. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: The ticket is only fifteen *yuan* if we take our student ID cards with us.

A: OK. Let's go there.

### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

某英文杂志社正在举办征文比赛,主题是介绍你家乡最令你向往或心旷神怡的一个地方。请你根据以下内容提示写一篇短文向该杂志社投稿。

提示:1. 点明该地方的名称;

2. 具体介绍该地方;

3. 说明你为什么喜欢该地方。

要求:1. 短文须包括所有提示内容,可适当发挥;

2. 适当使用形容词或副词的最高级形式;

3. 词数:不少于70。开头已给出,不计入总词数。

My favorite place in my hometown is \_\_\_\_\_

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## Unit 5 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. Because he thinks they are boring.  
B. Because he thinks they are relaxing.  
C. Because he thinks they are important.
2. A. Sports shows. B. Sports news.  
C. Sports matches.
3. A. The girl. B. The boy's sister.  
C. The boy's cousin.
4. A. Last week. B. Last night.  
C. Last month.
5. A. They are bad. B. They are cool.  
C. They are delicious.
6. A. A soap opera. B. A talent show.  
C. A talk show.
7. A. Kind-hearted. B. Serious.  
C. Shy.
8. A. Action movies. B. Comedies.  
C. Scary movies.
9. A. To read a book.  
B. To watch a cartoon.  
C. To play computer games.
10. A. She loves it. B. She can't stand it.  
C. She doesn't mind it.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后

有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. What sport does Mike like best?  
A. Volleyball. B. Basketball.  
C. Baseball.
12. When did Tina start to learn to play tennis?  
A. When she was six.  
B. When she was seven.  
C. When she was eight.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. What shows does Bob's father like?  
A. Game shows. B. Sports shows.  
C. Talk shows.
14. How often does Bob's mother watch sitcoms?  
A. Every day. B. Twice a week.  
C. Once a week.
15. What does Mary think of sitcoms?  
A. Funny. B. Boring.  
C. Exciting.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. There are \_\_\_\_\_ people in Cindy's family.

17. Cindy's father likes watching \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ best.
18. Cindy's mother is \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Cindy likes \_\_\_\_\_ best.
20. Alice is Cindy's \_\_\_\_\_.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

When I was a kid, my parents never let me watch scary movies. At that time, one of my dreams 21 to watch one.

I remember going to a friend's house for his birthday party, maybe in middle school. After the party, it was dark. We sat in the living room and 22. "How about 23 the latest scary movie?" someone asked. And nobody said no. Great! My dream came true. I was so 24.

The movie was not as exciting 25 I had thought. It was too scary. I didn't want to go on halfway. But I found others were not as scared as 26. "No, they will laugh 27 me," I thought. So I kept watching. I hardly slept that night. When I went to 28 bed, I couldn't stop 29 about the scary things I saw in the movie. Once I heard any noise, I thought 30 would break into the house and kill me.

From that time on, I never watched scary movies again.

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 21. A. is       | B. are         |
| C. were         | D. was         |
| 22. A. talked   | B. talk        |
| C. talks        | D. talking     |
| 23. A. watch    | B. to watch    |
| C. watching     | D. be watching |
| 24. A. excite   | B. excited     |
| C. excites      | D. exciting    |
| 25. A. like     | B. so          |
| C. as           | D. for         |
| 26. A. I        | B. my          |
| C. we           | D. us          |
| 27. A. for      | B. to          |
| C. with         | D. at          |
| 28. A. a        | B. an          |
| C. the          | D. /           |
| 29. A. thought  | B. to think    |
| C. think        | D. thinking    |
| 30. A. anything | B. something   |
| C. nothing      | D. everything  |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Do you love watching cartoons? Think about most of the cartoon 31 from Disney, like Mickey, Minnie and Donald Duck. Do you find that they have something 32 common? Yes, they all wear 33 gloves. Not everyone noticed (注意到) it because the cartoon characters are wearing gloves for so long that it is 34 for us. But why do they wear gloves? Here are three main 35.

- In the age of black and white

cartoons, it was 36 to distinguish (区分) the characters' black hands from their black bodies. Giving them white gloves was a way to make their 37 stand out.

- It took less time to draw the characters' gloves than the paws (爪). So, saving 38 was another reason behind it.

- Walt Disney once said, "We didn't want Mickey Mouse to have mouse hands as he should be like a man, 39 we gave him gloves." This trick (技巧) was so 40 that even Disney's rivals (竞争对手) started to use it.

- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| 31. A. films   | B. stories    |
| C. characters  | D. magazines  |
| 32. A. in      | B. at         |
| C. to          | D. for        |
| 33. A. blue    | B. yellow     |
| C. black       | D. white      |
| 34. A. special | B. common     |
| C. lucky       | D. unlucky    |
| 35. A. reasons | B. jokes      |
| C. plans       | D. hopes      |
| 36. A. hard    | B. simple     |
| C. similar     | D. different  |
| 37. A. heads   | B. legs       |
| C. hands       | D. feet       |
| 38. A. life    | B. time       |
| C. money       | D. food       |
| 39. A. or      | B. but        |
| C. so          | D. if         |
| 40. A. poor    | B. rich       |
| C. meaningless | D. successful |

#### IV. 阅读理解(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

第一节: 阅读下面一篇短文, 从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

My sister Sandy likes love movies. She always watches them. Her favorite movie is *Pretty Woman*. I never watch love movies. I think they are very boring. I like action movies best. They are exciting.

Mom likes music programs. The band (乐队) she likes best is the Jonas Brothers. I like it, too. I watch *Hits of the Week* with Mom every Friday.

Dad only watches the news. He says it's very relaxing. He doesn't like the other programs.

My brother, Ken, loves western movies best. He thinks cowboys (牛仔) and horses are wonderful. He also likes watching the news with Dad.

—Paul

My mother likes soap operas best. She always watches them and she sometimes asks me to watch them with her, but I think they are boring.

My father often watches sports programs. Every Wednesday there's a football game on TV. I don't like it, but my father likes it very much. He also likes the news.

My sister Judy's favorite program is *Great Night Live*. She thinks it's fun and she watches it every Saturday. However, I never watch it.

I like cartoons best. I find them very



interesting.

—Tina

41. What movies does Paul like best?

- A. Love movies.      B. Action movies.  
C. Cartoons.          D. Comedies.

42. \_\_\_\_\_ is a western movie lover.

- A. Ken                      B. Ken's dad  
C. Judy                     D. Judy's sister

43. What does Tina think of soap operas?

- A. Relaxing.              B. Fun.  
C. Boring.                 D. Scary.

44. How many people like watching the news in this passage?

- A. One.                     B. Two.  
C. Three.                  D. Four.

45. When is *Great Night Live* on?

- A. On Wednesdays.    B. On Thursdays.  
C. On Fridays.          D. On Saturdays.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

It is said that listening to classical (古典的) music can help with math and science learning, and make children smart. 46

### Listen

Listen to music when you draw and color, and at dinner, for fun. Listen to and talk about music. Ask questions—Do you like this song? Why, or why not? 47

### Learn

Learn about a composer (作曲家) and then listen to his or her music. Libraries often have CDs, too. 48 But don't forget jazz, blues and many other kinds of music. Many

children enjoy different sounds from around the world as well.

### Play

Learn an instrument (乐器). 49

This includes singing. Learn how to sing some songs.

### Go out

Find concerts (音乐会) that you can join in. There are family (for parents and their children) concerts in many towns and cities. 50 Go to a music festival.

- A. Learn about classical music.  
B. This takes some money and time, but the result can be worth it.  
C. You should learn about jazz music.  
D. Look for one near your house.  
E. How does it make you feel?  
F. How can we enjoy music?  
G. Go out to watch movies with your friends.

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 你介意打开窗户吗?

Do you mind \_\_\_\_\_ the window?

52. 她总是乐意帮助朋友。

She is always \_\_\_\_\_ help her friends.

53. 杰克想装扮成一名警察。

Jack wants to \_\_\_\_\_ as a policeman.

54. 你只要竭尽全力,就能赢得比赛。



As long as you \_\_\_\_\_, you  
can win the competition.

55. 琳达,你干得不错!

Linda, you \_\_\_\_\_!

VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共10小题,计10分)

watch, stand, education, joke, show,  
plan, good, let, guess, she

Lin Hui is a high school student. She likes to read books and watch TV in 56. \_\_\_\_\_ free time. But her mother only 57. \_\_\_\_\_ her watch TV on weekends.

Today is Saturday. It's eight twenty in the evening. Lin Hui is watching a sitcom. It's very funny. For her, 58. \_\_\_\_\_ sitcoms is a great way to relax. She can also learn some great 59. \_\_\_\_\_ from them. However, her friend, Sally can't 60. \_\_\_\_\_ them. Sally is also a high school student. She likes to watch the news and talk 61. \_\_\_\_\_ because they are 62. \_\_\_\_\_. She thinks even game shows are 63. \_\_\_\_\_ than sitcoms. In a game show, she can try to 64. \_\_\_\_\_ the answers to the questions. She loves watching soap operas, too. And she 65. \_\_\_\_\_ to watch one tonight.

VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共5小题,计10分)

I work in a primary school. At noon, I always stand in front of the lunchroom. I have to make kids stand in a line to walk into the

lunchroom. To stop the kids from running into it all at once, I usually play games with them to make them wait.

One day, I asked each kid to try to do a dance move for me. In fact, as long as they shook (摇动) their body a little bit, they would get in. The shyest boys could do the robot dance. The shyest girls could take my hand and I would make them spin (旋转) like dancers. Most kids danced happily.

At one point it was the turn of a shy girl. She slowly came over to me and looked me in the eye. Then she cried. She was so scared of doing this in front of other kids that she cried. I tried my best to comfort (安慰) her. Then I picked her up in my arms, and took her hand like we were dancing a waltz (华尔兹舞). In the end, we danced into the lunchroom.

Later that day the little girl came to see me. She asked me to dance with her again. Of course I did. I taught her how to dance the waltz and she had a good time!

66. Where does the writer work?

She works in a \_\_\_\_\_.

67. How does the writer stop the kids from running into the lunchroom all at once?

The writer usually \_\_\_\_\_ with them to make them wait.

68. What could the shyest boys do?

They could do \_\_\_\_\_.

69. Why did the girl cry?

Because she \_\_\_\_\_.

70. What did the writer do with the girl?

The writer \_\_\_\_\_ with her.

### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

(Ken, from Canada, is studying at Li Hua's school. They're having a talk after class. )

A: Li Hua, tomorrow is Saturday. 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I plan to watch a talk show called *Voice* at home.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: It is the first open class for the young people on TV. Every time you can enjoy exciting speeches.

A: 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I think it's educational. I can learn a lot from it.

A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: About 45 minutes. Would you like to come to my house to watch it with me?

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_.

B: Great. I'm sure you'll enjoy it.

A: I hope so.

### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假如你是 Jack, 你对你的朋友们最喜欢的电视节目做了一次调查, 调查结果如下表所示。请根据此调查结果写一篇英语短文, 要求 70 词左右, 可适当发挥。

名字	最喜欢的电视节目	理由
Amy	肥皂剧	觉得有趣
Bob	体育节目	喜欢做运动, 想进一步了解运动方面的知识
Lucy	英语节目	想学好英语, 提高听力
Sam	才艺秀	期待从中学到东西

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## Unit 6 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟 满分:100分 完成时间: 得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. A teacher.                      B. A reporter.  
C. A policeman.
2. A. An artist.                      B. A doctor.  
C. An actor.
3. A. English.                      B. Math.  
C. Chinese.
4. A. To the park.                      B. To the school.  
C. To the zoo.
5. A. This Sunday.                      B. This Monday.  
C. This Friday.
6. A. A doctor.                      B. An engineer.  
C. A pianist.
7. A. To the bookstore.                      B. To the library.  
C. To the zoo.
8. A. It's fun.                      B. It's boring.  
C. It's difficult.
9. A. Resolutions for the new year.  
B. Ways of getting exercise.  
C. Ideas for making friends.
10. A. By bike.                      B. By bus.  
C. On foot.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所

给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. When is Ben going to university?  
A. In March.                      B. In June.  
C. In September.

12. What does Ben want to be?

- A. A computer programmer.
- B. A soccer player.
- C. A soccer teacher.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. What's Becky like?

- A. Hard-working.                      B. Shy.  
C. Kind.

14. What club is Becky going to join?

- A. The chess club.
- B. The writing club.
- C. The dance club.

15. What does Becky's mother do?

- A. A doctor.                      B. A teacher.  
C. A cook.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Danny wants to be a \_\_\_\_\_  
when he grows up.
17. Danny is going to study at a \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ in London.

18. Alan wants to be \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Gina is \_\_\_\_\_ years old.
20. They are all going to \_\_\_\_\_  
to make their dreams come true.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节: 阅读下面短文, 按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求, 从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 使短文连贯完整。

Newspapers in England are reporting (报道) something surprising. Subway train drivers can make 21 money than pilots, doctors and police officers. One article in *The Sunday Times* newspaper 22 readers that the three highest-paid drivers made \$ 130, 000 last year, and that London subway train drivers also get over eight weeks' paid vacation in a year so that they can have 23 good rest.

Many people like the job 24 the high pay and long holiday. 25 some people question these drivers' high pay. They don't think it's fair (公平的). One of them said, "The role of a subway train driver is getting 26. Many train drivers don't have to drive the trains by 27. As we know, scientists improve the subway system (系统) and the trains 28 fully automated (全自动的)." He was surprised that the drivers even stopped 29 to ask for more pay.

Though some people wonder if it's fair, lots of people still want 30 the well-paid job.

- |                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 21. A. most       | B. more     |
| C. many           | D. much     |
| 22. A. tell       | B. was told |
| C. is telling     | D. tells    |
| 23. A. /          | B. a        |
| C. an             | D. the      |
| 24. A. instead of | B. instead  |
| C. because of     | D. because  |
| 25. A. But        | B. And      |
| C. Or             | D. So       |
| 26. A. easier     | B. easy     |
| C. better         | D. good     |
| 27. A. themselves | B. they     |
| C. them           | D. their    |
| 28. A. is         | B. was      |
| C. are            | D. were     |
| 29. A. work       | B. to work  |
| C. worked         | D. working  |
| 30. A. get        | B. getting  |
| C. to get         | D. got      |

第二节: 阅读下面一篇短文, 理解大意, 然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 使短文连贯完整。

In April 2007, a 16-year-old boy named Charlie McDonnell was studying for his exams at home. He was bored, so he went 31. He found a video (视频) of another boy like him. The boy was sitting in his bedroom and talking about how bored he was. "I can do better than that!" thought Charlie. 32 he made his first video, and he posted (发布) it online.

Two days after Charlie posted his first video, he had 150 followers (关注者). He

33 to make more videos. A few months later, Oprah Winfrey, a famous American TV host, 34 one of his videos on her programs. It made Charlie 35 and he had more and more followers.

To say thank you 36 all his followers, Charlie made a video called *Challenge Charlie*. He asked people to suggest (提议) funny or difficult things for 37 to do in his videos. He 38 many things like wearing all of his clothes at once and painting himself purple.

Oh, and 39 did Charlie do in his exams back in 2007? Well, he got good 40, nine A's and one B! He said that he wanted to do a good job online, but he wouldn't give up studies as well!

- |               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| 31. A. far    | B. back    |
| C. outside    | D. online  |
| 32. A. So     | B. If      |
| C. Though     | D. Because |
| 33. A. helped | B. waited  |
| C. decided    | D. dreamed |
| 34. A. missed | B. showed  |
| C. found      | D. sent    |
| 35. A. lucky  | B. popular |
| C. useful     | D. serious |
| 36. A. from   | B. with    |
| C. to         | D. on      |
| 37. A. them   | B. you     |
| C. her        | D. him     |
| 38. A. tried  | B. forgot  |
| C. won        | D. watched |
| 39. A. when   | B. where   |

C. why D. how

40. A. ideas B. jokes  
C. grades D. reasons

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

Do you often make a resolution on New Year's Day? What will you do next for it? If you have a great resolution, it will be good for your life and study. Here is some advice on how to make a good resolution.

##### Plan for the resolution

Holding a goal isn't enough. You need to think out some clear steps (步骤) for the resolution. So make your plan. A good plan will tell you what to do next and how to accomplish the goal at last. Making a plan is very important.

##### Make your plan right now

If you make your plan later, you may forget your resolution gradually (逐渐地). It's important that you begin making your plan right now.

\_\_\_\_\_

You should write down your resolution and plan in some place. A notebook or your diary is a good choice.

##### Accomplish the resolution slowly

Nothing big can be finished in one day. You make a resolution in one day. It doesn't mean you must finish it in one day. It may need a hundred small steps. The New Year's resolution should be a starting point. You

must keep a habit for accomplishing your resolution gradually.

41. How many pieces of advice are mentioned in the passage?

- A. Two.                      B. Three.  
C. Four.                      D. Five.

42. What's the Chinese meaning of the underlined word "accomplish"?

- A. 实现                      B. 培养  
C. 制订                      D. 经营

43. If you make a resolution now, what should you do next according to the passage?

- A. Keep it in mind and do nothing.  
B. Tell it to everyone.  
C. Ask others to help you to finish it.  
D. Think out your steps for it.

44. Which is the missing part of the passage?

- A. Keep a diary every day  
B. Make an important plan  
C. Write down your resolution and plan  
D. Finish your resolution right now

45. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. what a good resolution is  
B. how to make a good resolution  
C. when to make a New Year's resolution  
D. why we need a resolution

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

When we see successful people, we always think about the things that they do at work. 46 Successful people usually spend their free time in these ways:

**They exercise.** Physical exercise is

important for both physical and mental (心理的) health. 47 And it gives you a break after a day of work. 48 And it makes you more confident (自信的).

**They read.** Reading is very good for them. 49 Books help give you a greater understanding (理解) of the world around you. They give you new ideas and might even help you learn new skills.

**They have hobbies.** Working for a long time makes you feel tired and stops you from learning skills in any other area. 50

Picking up some of these ways can help you be successful.

- A. You'll also look better and feel better.  
B. They have different lifeways.  
C. Successful people never stop reading all their lives.  
D. Taking exercise for half an hour after work can make you feel relaxed.  
E. You need to make a plan well.  
F. Finding a hobby helps you feel happy and learn new things.  
G. But how successful people spend their free time is also important.

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 格蕾丝, 出去之前确保把门关上。

Grace, make \_\_\_\_\_ to close the door before you go out.

52. 在你忘记之前,把名字和地址写下来。  
 \_\_\_\_\_ the name and address  
 before you forget them.
53. 电影开始时我听到了一首优美的歌曲。  
 I heard a beautiful song \_\_\_\_\_  
 the movie.
54. 为了成为足球队的一员,他每天努力地  
 练习踢足球。  
 To \_\_\_\_\_, he practices  
 playing soccer hard every day.
55. 这件事情的好结果与你的周密计划  
 有关。  
 The good result of this thing \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ your careful planning.

VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共10小题,计10分)

violin, two, resolution, study, learn, he, take, article, speak, be
--

The New Year is coming. Kate's brother Danny made some New Year's 56. \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday. First, he is going to learn to play the violin because he wants to be a 57. \_\_\_\_\_. He is going to take the violin lessons 58. \_\_\_\_\_ a week and practice it every day. Second, he wants to get good grades. So he is going to 59. \_\_\_\_\_ hard at school. Third, he is going to 60. \_\_\_\_\_ up a new hobby like swimming or dancing. Fourth, he plans to write 61. \_\_\_\_\_ for the school newspaper. He thinks writing is good for 62. \_\_\_\_\_ study. At last, he wants to

63. \_\_\_\_\_ a foreign language. He  
 64. \_\_\_\_\_ going to buy some Chinese CDs  
 and practice 65. \_\_\_\_\_ it to improve his  
 Chinese.

VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共5小题,计10分)

In a forest lived lots of animals. They had different dreams. Giraffe hoped to be a cook and Lion wanted to be a great runner. Elephant enjoyed taking photos and he would like to be a photographer (摄影师). But when Elephant talked about his dream with his friends, they all laughed at him.

"You must be joking. There aren't any cameras for elephants!" Giraffe said.

"And there's nothing to take a picture of here," Lion said.

But Elephant kept following his dream. He made a camera by himself. The elephant's camera, however, looked very strange (奇怪的). Many animals laughed when he went by with his camera. Even worse, he found there was nothing to photograph except animals.

But things worked out differently. Elephant found that all animals laughed as he walked around with the camera on his head. He decided to take pictures of them when they laughed. So in the photos the animals always looked happy. Soon Elephant became a very popular photographer!

66. What did Giraffe want to be?

A(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

67. What did Elephant's friends do after hearing his dream?

- They \_\_\_\_\_.
68. How did Elephant get a camera?  
He made it \_\_\_\_\_.
69. How did Elephant's camera look?  
It looked very \_\_\_\_\_.
70. What did Elephant become at last?  
A(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

#### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

- A: Hi, Andrew! Do you like playing basketball?
- B: Yes, I do.
- A: 71. \_\_\_\_\_?
- B: I play it every day.
- A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_?
- A basketball player?
- B: Yes, I want to be a famous basketball player.
- A: Sounds like a good plan. 73. \_\_\_\_\_?
- B: I am going to practice playing basketball very hard.
- A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_?
- B: I'm not sure. Maybe in the new gym.

A: Are you going to play basketball in America in the future?

B: 75. \_\_\_\_\_. I'll go there when I finish high school.

#### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假设你校正在进行征文活动,主题是“*What do you want to be when you grow up?*”,请你根据提示及要求写一篇英语短文参与投稿。

- 提示: 1. What do you want to be when you grow up?  
2. Why do you want to be a(n) ...?  
3. How are you going to do that?

- 要求: 1. 包含所有提示信息,语句通顺,行文连贯,内容充实;  
2. 70 词左右。

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## Unit 7 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. A newspaper reporter.  
B. An astronaut.  
C. A computer programmer.
2. A. To Japan.                      B. To Australia.  
C. To America.
3. A. Look for people under the buildings.  
B. Water trees and flowers.  
C. Clean the planes.
4. A. By subway.                      B. By bus.  
C. On foot.
5. A. There will be less pollution.  
B. There will be more pollution.  
C. There will be fewer cars on the road.
6. A. In Australia.                      B. In America.  
C. In China.
7. A. A farm.                              B. A factory.  
C. A river.
8. A. An engineer.                      B. An astronaut.  
C. An artist.
9. A. Learn to drive.                      B. Buy a computer.  
C. Take an exam.
10. A. On Monday.                      B. On Saturday.  
C. On Sunday.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. What's Alice's prediction about the future?  
A. There will be fewer jobs.  
B. Students will study at home.  
C. People will live to be 200 years old.
12. Where will people take their vacations?  
A. In other countries.  
B. On the moon.  
C. In space stations.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. When will the man move to Beijing?  
A. This Sunday.                      B. Next Saturday.  
C. Next Sunday.
14. Where will the man work in Beijing?  
A. In a school.                      B. In a company.  
C. In a library.
15. What does the man think of Beijing?  
A. People there are not so friendly.  
B. Food there is really nice.  
C. The life there is exciting.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. The speaker is talking about his dream life in \_\_\_\_\_ years.
17. The speaker thinks his future clothes can change \_\_\_\_\_ in different places.
18. The speaker will travel with his family or friends \_\_\_\_\_ or under the sea.
19. The speaker will \_\_\_\_\_ with a robot.
20. The speaker thinks his life will be \_\_\_\_\_.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Humans might live on another planet one day! That seemed 21 years ago. But now the idea might come true. According to a British scientist, 22 humans only have about 1,000 years to live on earth. It means that humans 23 to another planet in 1,000 years.

In fact, we have found one red planet—Mars. Experts have found that there is water on 24. The idea of living there looks possible. Thanks to science, the steps to Mars are 25 faster and faster.

For example, in 2013, Dutch experts 26 the first plan to put humans on Mars in the 2020s. They offered people one-way

tickets to go and build a new home on Mars. Though it was 27, over 200,000 people still wanted to take part in it.

In September, US experts showed another plan to get humans to Mars in six years. They're working on building 28 and stronger rockets to carry more people. They are 29 doing a lot of preparations to help people get back to the earth.

I'm looking forward to 30 on Mars. Will you join us?

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 21. A. possible | B. possibly    |
| C. impossible   | D. impossibly  |
| 22. A. I        | B. me          |
| C. we           | D. us          |
| 23. A. fly      | B. flies       |
| C. flew         | D. will fly    |
| 24. A. it       | B. its         |
| C. they         | D. their       |
| 25. A. get      | B. gets        |
| C. to get       | D. getting     |
| 26. A. start    | B. starts      |
| C. started      | D. will start  |
| 27. A. danger   | B. dangers     |
| C. dangerous    | D. dangerously |
| 28. A. large    | B. larger      |
| C. small        | D. smaller     |
| 29. A. too      | B. already     |
| C. either       | D. also        |
| 30. A. live     | B. lives       |
| C. living       | D. to live     |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Our earth is becoming worse and worse because of serious pollution like land pollution, water pollution and air pollution. What we did damaged (破坏) our 31 and we meet serious problems now. 32 should we humans do to save the earth?

First, we 33 make much rubbish (垃圾). We need more land to deal with rubbish, so there won't be enough 34 for people to live. The land will also be polluted easily and 35 plants can grow.

Next, we should keep the 36 and rivers clean. Fish can't live in the polluted water. If we keep polluting the water, it'll be 37 for us to enjoy so much seafood or swim happily in the sea in the future.

Third, everyone should help keep the air clean. Polluted air is bad for our physical health, 38 we must think of plans to reduce (减少) air pollution.

To make the earth a better place, we should learn to love our 39 from now on. And everyone should play a part in 40 the earth.

31. A. peace                      B. environment  
C. weather                      D. culture
32. A. What                      B. Which  
C. Why                      D. When
33. A. didn't                      B. won't  
C. couldn't                      D. shouldn't
34. A. future                      B. space  
C. money                      D. time
35. A. less                      B. more  
C. fewer                      D. bigger

36. A. sea                      B. sky  
C. paper                      D. shape
37. A. personal                      B. necessary  
C. impossible                      D. important
38. A. so                      B. but  
C. or                      D. if
39. A. country                      B. planet  
C. apartment                      D. college
40. A. changing                      B. killing  
C. disliking                      D. saving

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

We will live in peace in 2050. Countries won't fight with each other. We will be able to go on a trip to other planets by spaceship and we will find other planets which humans can live on. We will probably find aliens (外星人)! We will probably be able to see robots everywhere, like at home, in factories, and in hospitals. They will help to make our lives more comfortable.

—Steven

I think a lot of things will be different in 2050. But the world will still have a lot of pollution problems. We will need to find other resources (资源) because of the large population (人口). Now the world's population is about 8 billion and it will reach about 9.7 billion in 2050. We will also need to build more spaceships to go to the moon and Mars, because we will have to get resources from these places.

—Samuel

In 2050, people will live longer and have fewer health problems. There won't be any wars (战争). My sister Judy thinks everybody will be able to speak at least five languages and it will be easier for her to visit other countries!

—Lisa

41. What does the underlined word "They" refer to?

- A. Trips.                      B. Robots.  
C. Aliens.                      D. Spaceships.

42. The world's population in 2050 will be about \_\_\_\_\_ billion more than the population now.

- A. 8      B. 9.7      C. 1.7      D. 2.5

43. Steven and Lisa both believe people will \_\_\_\_\_ in 2050.

- A. live in peace  
B. live a longer life  
C. visit other planets  
D. speak the same language

44. Who thinks we will need to take resources from other places?

- A. Steven.                      B. Samuel.  
C. Judy.                         D. Lisa.

45. Where can we read this passage?

- A. In a diary.      B. In a storybook.  
C. In a dictionary. D. In a magazine.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

School is always changing. What will the school be like in the future? 46 Students

needn't copy teachers' words down or remember them for a test. And the classroom itself is also changing. More technology in the classroom is coming on the way.

In the future, each student will have a digital device (电子设备). They're easy to take. 47 Students will finish their homework online. They'll no longer do homework on paper. 48 They can finish and hand in their homework on the Internet.

Grades will be put online quickly. They'll always be the latest (最新的). 49 There will be no more "I have no idea that I am doing so badly in this class."

50 If a student misses a class, he or she can have the online class to make it up. And on snowy days students won't have a vacation. If students or teachers can't get to school, they'll talk with each other online. Teachers will teach at home and students will take the lessons online at home.

- A. All students will learn on these devices.  
B. Students will also be able to have online classes.  
C. Students need to buy these devices.  
D. They won't be afraid to lose their homework anymore.  
E. Teachers will no longer need to teach in the classroom.  
F. Students will be able to know their placings in the class at any time.  
G. Teachers can find out the problem quickly.

**V. 完成句子: 根据所给汉语意思, 用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)**

51. 他在爬树的时候摔了下来。

He \_\_\_\_\_ down when he was climbing the tree.

52. 安娜将来想成为一名小提琴手。

Anna wants to be a violinist \_\_\_\_\_.

53. 人们说我和我姐姐长得一模一样。

People say I look just \_\_\_\_\_ my sister.

54. 莫妮卡喜欢这个故事, 她让爸爸给她读了一遍又一遍。

Monica liked the story and she asked Dad to read it to her \_\_\_\_\_.

55. 你应该参与到保护校园环境中来。

You should \_\_\_\_\_ protecting the school environment.

**VI. 短文填空: 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次, 每空限填一个单词。)(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)**

way, tooth, paper, look, planet, healthy, plant, save, you, start

Do you know Earth Day? The first Earth Day 56. \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970 in the US. It is on April 22 every year. As we all know, our 57. \_\_\_\_\_ is a great place, but it needs our help to thrive (繁荣). So we have Earth Day to 58. \_\_\_\_\_ the earth.

On Earth Day, people usually think of 59. \_\_\_\_\_ to stop pollution. They talk

about recycling (回收利用) and 60. \_\_\_\_\_ for ways to save energy (能源). But what can students do on April 22? Here are some ideas for you to celebrate Earth Day.

● 61. \_\_\_\_\_ a tree.

● Ride 62. \_\_\_\_\_ bicycle or walk to school.

● Pick up litter in the school, park and zoo.

● Use both sides of 63. \_\_\_\_\_ at home and school.

● Save water when you brush your 64. \_\_\_\_\_ and save energy by turning off the lights when you leave a room.

By taking part in these activities, we will make our world a greener and 65. \_\_\_\_\_ place to live.

**VII. 任务型阅读: 阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 完成下列各题。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)**

What will our homes be like in the future? Here are some predictions.

● Tell your home what to do anytime and anywhere

Do you want to take a shower when you get home? You will be able to let your water-heater (热水器) start heating up when you are still at work.

● Your house may call you

“Did I turn off the oven?” “Did I close the window?” Everyone may have a moment like that. But in the future, your house will check these for you. You will know that when your smoke detector (烟雾探测器) rings or you forget to close the window.

●Your house will plan your life

In your home of the future, all of your devices can work together to make your life more comfortable. When you turn on the lights in the morning, your windows will open at the same time. If it is still dark after you get up, the lights will slowly turn off by themselves after the sun comes out.

●Dangers may appear

Your home may have dangers. For example, it may get hacked (被黑客入侵). Maybe the hackers can hack into your computer or other devices. So you will have to be careful about your personal information.

66. What will you do if you want to take a shower?

I'll let my water-heater start heating up when I am still \_\_\_\_\_.

67. What will your house do for you if you don't close the window?

It will \_\_\_\_\_ for me.

68. What will windows do when you turn on the lights in the morning?

They will \_\_\_\_\_.

69. What will the lights do when the sun comes out?

They will \_\_\_\_\_.

70. Why will you have to be careful about your personal information?

Because our \_\_\_\_\_ may get hacked.

VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Hi, David! 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I want to be a computer programmer in the future.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: No, I won't work in big cities. Big cities will be more crowded. I hope to have my own IT company in my town.

A: That sounds cool. 73. \_\_\_\_\_.

B: Maybe I'll be very busy. But I can take some holidays to relax.

A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I will visit some foreign countries and learn more about them during the holidays.

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Of course. I will run in the park every morning. I believe there will be more trees in the park.

A: Sounds like a healthy lifestyle (生活方式).

IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假如你是 Amy, 本周你校要举办一场有关畅想未来的英语演讲比赛。请以“My life in 20 years”为题,从20年后你的工作、家庭、业余活动等方面进行畅想,写一篇70词左右的演讲稿为此次比赛做准备。开头已给出,不计入总词数。

**My life in 20 years**

Hello, everybody! My name's Amy. My life in 20 years will be easy. \_\_\_\_\_

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## Unit 8 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. Mother and son.  
B. Father and daughter.  
C. Teacher and student.
2. A. To a restaurant.      B. To a hospital.  
C. To a bank.
3. A. Four.      B. Five.  
C. Six.
4. A. Beef noodles.      B. Hamburgers.  
C. Dumplings.
5. A. This afternoon.  
B. Tomorrow morning.  
C. Tomorrow afternoon.
6. A. One.      B. Two.  
C. Three.
7. A. Her mother.      B. Her aunt.  
C. Her grandmother.
8. A. Pepper.      B. Onions.  
C. Lettuce.
9. A. Butter.      B. Honey.  
C. Pepper.
10. A. The boy.      B. The boy's father.  
C. The boy's mother.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所

给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. What kind of drink does the boy like best?  
A. Cola.      B. Tea.      C. Coffee.
12. What does the girl give the boy?  
A. Milk.      B. Sugar.      C. Honey.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. What is Kate doing now?  
A. She is watching TV.  
B. She is cooking soup.  
C. She is washing clothes.
14. Who is good at cooking?  
A. Kate's uncle.      B. Kate's mother.  
C. The boy's uncle.
15. When will the soup be ready?  
A. At 5:30 p. m.      B. At 6:30 p. m.  
C. At 7:30 p. m.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Today is \_\_\_\_\_.
17. It's Jack's \_\_\_\_\_ birthday.
18. Jack went to the \_\_\_\_\_ after school.
19. When Jack got home at 6 p. m., he started to \_\_\_\_\_ at once.
20. Jack poured two spoons of \_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_ and a cup of yogurt into the bowl.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

How much fat (脂肪), salt and sugar should children eat? Should they stop 21 fatty foods from fast food restaurants? Should they give up salty junk foods like puffed cheese sticks (膨化奶酪棒)? Should they stay away from foods 22 a lot of chemicals and dyes (化学制品和食物色素)?

Fat, salt and sugar make foods taste good. 23 too much of a good thing can be bad for you. That's 24 food scientists strongly believe that healthy eating is important. They want to help children and 25 choose better foods. Most parents agree with the scientists. They hope schools will share 26 responsibility (责任) of keeping kids healthy and strong.

So, many schools ask their dining halls to sell both healthy and tasty lunches. They hope that the dining halls 27 serve natural foods. They don't want kids to eat foods with unhealthy ingredients in 28. Scientists and educators also want schools 29 different kinds of foods. They say that menus should show cultural differences. Teachers and parents care deeply about how kids learn best. Science shows that healthy eating

30 good for a kid's learning.

- |                  |             |
|------------------|-------------|
| 21. A. eat       | B. eating   |
| C. eats          | D. to eat   |
| 22. A. in        | B. about    |
| C. with          | D. for      |
| 23. A. But       | B. So       |
| C. Although      | D. Or       |
| 24. A. how       | B. when     |
| C. where         | D. why      |
| 25. A. parent    | B. parents  |
| C. parent's      | D. parents' |
| 26. A. a         | B. an       |
| C. the           | D. /        |
| 27. A. shouldn't | B. should   |
| C. can't         | D. can      |
| 28. A. they      | B. their    |
| C. theirs        | D. them     |
| 29. A. to serve  | B. serve    |
| C. serving       | D. serves   |
| 30. A. am        | B. is       |
| C. are           | D. was      |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Bill is my best friend. His mother always does something really cool. What did she do recently (最近)? She made green cakes!

Yesterday, Bill brought a green cake 31 school. It looked beautiful and special. At lunch, he shared the cake with us. "Delicious!" "Wonderful!" We all 32 the cake. And we wondered why and how 33 mother made green cakes.

Bill said the 34 went back a few weeks.



Bill's father liked watermelons and he 35 a lot of them in summer. The watermelon rind (皮) 36 ended up in the garbage.

One day, Bill's mother saw a heavy garbage bag full of watermelon rind. She thought, "I should find a better way to 37 the watermelon rind."

After lots of thinking, she had that good idea—making a cake with it. She first cut up the watermelon rind. Then, she put it in a blender and soon she got green 38. She mixed the juice with flour (面粉). Finally she made a delicious green cake.

Now, the green cakes are popular with the kids of the neighborhood Bill lives in, 39 many mothers learn from his mother. And Bill's mother doesn't need to 40 the watermelon rind garbage, either.

31. A. to B. on  
C. of D. by
32. A. moved B. ordered  
C. liked D. served
33. A. their B. your  
C. her D. his
34. A. game B. story  
C. program D. competition
35. A. sold B. ate  
C. won D. lost
36. A. also B. still  
C. ever D. always
37. A. describe B. study  
C. paint D. use
38. A. juice B. cakes  
C. cheese D. pepper

39. A. but B. or  
C. so D. if
40. A. look for B. worry about  
C. find out D. cut up

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

Vegetables should be a part of what children eat every day. It's necessary for parents to tell their children the importance of eating vegetables. Here are some fun activities for parents to make children interested in them.

Reading is one of the excellent ways. Choose a colorful book with different kinds of vegetables for children.

Let children play vegetable puzzles. They will be able to see what vegetables look like as they are putting the small pieces together. They can also play other vegetable games. For example, cut up some boiled vegetables into small pieces and put them on different plates. Cover children's eyes and let them taste one by one. After that, they need to guess the names of the vegetables.

Each day give children different vegetables to eat. This will give them a chance to taste many kinds of vegetables and get enough nutrients (营养). Talk to children about what eggplants look like or how potatoes taste and smell.

Grow vegetables. Parents can teach their children how vegetables grow by planting them. Children will also learn to take care of them.

41. How many ways are mentioned to help children like eating vegetables?  
A. Three. B. Four.  
C. Six. D. Seven.
42. The underlined word “puzzles” may be a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. drink B. food  
C. game D. sport
43. To make children love vegetables, parents can do the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. find them a book with pictures of vegetables  
B. choose a TV program for them  
C. teach them to plant vegetables  
D. play some interesting vegetable games with them
44. What's the best title for the text?  
A. Learning about Vegetables  
B. Different Kinds of Vegetables  
C. Making Children Love Vegetables  
D. The Importance of Eating Vegetables
45. Where can we most probably read the text?  
A. On a game website.  
B. On a cartoon website.  
C. In a sports magazine.  
D. In a magazine for parents.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

In China, there are many different kinds of foods. Some of them are very popular. 46 Most people in China like dumplings very much. There are many different kinds of dumplings. Some have meat and vegetables in

them; others have vegetables, eggs and so on. 47 I think they are delicious.

Usually we make dumplings at home. If we have no time to make them, we can buy them from the supermarket. 48

The Spring Festival is very important in China. When it comes, we make dumplings. Usually we put a coin in a dumpling. 49 In the old days, people couldn't often eat dumplings, because they were very poor. Now our country is becoming stronger and stronger, and people are getting richer and richer.

50

- A. Then we take them home and eat them with vinegar(醋).  
B. We can eat them almost every day.  
C. The most popular one is the dumpling.  
D. I like dumplings with vegetables and pork better than any other kind.  
E. In China people usually make dumplings at home.  
F. If one eats the dumpling with the coin in it, he or she will be lucky in the next year.  
G. Poor people didn't like eating dumplings.

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 把牛奶倒进蓝色的碗里。

\_\_\_\_\_ the milk into the blue bowl.

52. 这里有一个胡萝卜。请把它切碎。

Here's a carrot. Please \_\_\_\_\_.

53. 马克把箱子装满书后,把它放在了床下。

After \_\_\_\_\_ the box \_\_\_\_\_ books, Mark put it under the bed.

54. 莫妮卡,别忘了买洋葱。

Monica, \_\_\_\_\_ buy onions.

55. 我们感谢老师们的爱护和关心。

We \_\_\_\_\_ our teachers' love and care.

**VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共10小题,计10分)**

take, interest, happy, they, tradition, we, die, cow, traveler, celebrate
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My uncle and aunt live on a big farm in the countryside. They keep 56. \_\_\_\_\_ and sheep and grow a lot of corn on the farm. We often go there for our holidays. We always enjoy 57. \_\_\_\_\_ on the farm.

It was Thanksgiving last Thursday. My uncle and aunt asked our whole family to 58. \_\_\_\_\_ house for dinner. We got up very early that day. Before starting, we bought some gifts. Then, we went there by bike. It 59. \_\_\_\_\_ us one and a half hours to get there.

My uncle and aunt were glad to see us. We gave the gifts to them and they were very 60. \_\_\_\_\_. Then, we sat down and talked. My uncle told my brother and me the story of Thanksgiving. About 400 years ago, the first 61. \_\_\_\_\_ from England came to live in America. They had a long, hard

winter, and many of them 62. \_\_\_\_\_. In the next autumn, they gave thanks for life and food in their new home. Nowadays, most Americans still 63. \_\_\_\_\_ this idea of giving thanks by having a big meal at home with their family.

It was time to have lunch. My aunt served us the 64. \_\_\_\_\_ food — turkey. It tasted delicious and we all enjoyed it.

At about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, we said goodbye to my uncle and aunt and went back home. What an 65. \_\_\_\_\_ day it was!

**VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共5小题,计10分)**

Jack and his best friend Rob were out of school for the summer. They played happily every day. But this afternoon they were so bored. "What are we going to do today?" Rob said. "We've done just about everything. I almost wish school was starting soon." Jack thought for a minute and said to Rob, "Let's make some popcorn and lemonade (柠檬饮料) and sell them outside."

The boys went inside and asked Jack's mom if she could help them. "Sure," said Jack's mom. She got the lemons from the refrigerator (冰箱) and also some sugar. She mixed up the lemonade when the boys started making the popcorn. In about five minutes the popcorn was ready, and so was the lemonade.

Jack and Rob set up a small table near the sidewalk (人行道). "How much should we charge (收费)?" asked Jack. "One dollar for a bag of popcorn and one dollar for a cup

of lemonade,” said Rob.

The boys sat for about ten minutes before they got their first sale. Mrs. Jenkins was walking her dog and stopped for a drink. Then the boys were busy handing out popcorn to Mr. Lawrence. He was walking down the street.

Soon the boys had only three bags of popcorn left. “Wow,” Jack said. “I didn’t think it would sell that fast.” “We made 12 dollars,” Rob said. “If we get bored again before school starts, we can try selling more popcorn and lemonade next time.”

66. What season is it?

It is \_\_\_\_\_.

67. What did Jack and Rob make?

They made \_\_\_\_\_.

68. How long did making the popcorn take?

It took about \_\_\_\_\_.

69. What was Mrs. Jenkins doing?

She was \_\_\_\_\_.

70. How much money did they make?

They made \_\_\_\_\_.

### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Hello, Betty!

B: Hi, Alan!

A: Betty, I want to make a strawberry milk shake. 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Of course. First, get some strawberries.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: You need five strawberries. Wash them and cut them up.

A: 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Put the strawberries and some ice-cream in the blender.

A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Oh, no. Don’t turn on the blender. You need to pour the milk into the blender, too.

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: About a cup. Finally turn on the blender. Two minutes later, the milk shake will be ready.

A: I see. Thank you.

B: You are welcome.

### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假如你是莉萨,今天在课堂上学习了如何做牛肉三明治。请根据下面的提示向你的朋友简单地介绍一下它的做法。

- 提示: 1. 所需材料: 面包片、黄油、洋葱、西红柿、生菜和牛肉;  
2. 给面包片涂上黄油;  
3. 把洋葱和西红柿切碎,放在面包片上;  
4. 将一些生菜和牛肉放到面包片上。

- 要求: 1. 语句通顺,意思连贯;  
2. 包含所有提示内容,可适当发挥;  
3. 词数:70 左右。

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## Unit 9 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. He'll come to the girl's party.  
B. He'll do his homework.  
C. He'll prepare for the exam.
2. A. To the zoo.      B. To the park.  
C. To the cinema.
3. A. Father and daughter.  
B. Teacher and student.  
C. Brother and sister.
4. A. On foot.      B. By bike.  
C. By bus.
5. A. A book.      B. A dress.  
C. A big cake.
6. A. Tea.      B. Coffee.  
C. Juice.
7. A. To call Tom back.  
B. To reply to Tom's e-mail.  
C. To answer Tom's letter.
8. A. Next Tuesday.      B. Next Thursday.  
C. Next Saturday.
9. A. By taxi.      B. By bus.  
C. By bike.
10. A. Take a trip.      B. See his parents.  
C. Look after the dog.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后

有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. What did the boy do just now?  
A. He went swimming.  
B. He went skating.  
C. He went shopping.
12. What time will the girl's party start?  
A. At 6:00 p. m.      B. At 7:00 p. m.  
C. At 8:00 p. m.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. Who will the boy go boating with?  
A. His father.      B. His mother.  
C. His brother.
14. When is the girl's birthday party?  
A. On Saturday.      B. On Sunday.  
C. On Monday.
15. Where is the party?  
A. In the park.      B. In the classroom.  
C. In the girl's house.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Jenny is the writer's \_\_\_\_\_.
17. They \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.
18. Xiaoyang loves \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Xiaoyang \_\_\_\_\_ with an old man.

20. The old man decides to help Xiaoyang to make a \_\_\_\_\_.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

I always enjoyed singing. However, I was very shy and I 21 sang in front of others. So when I heard that our school choir (合唱团) needed a girl, I thought, "This is my chance (机会) to be 22 singer, but as part of a team."

But when we got started, the choir teacher said we would have 23 practices, and everyone would have to do a solo (独唱). I was nervous all week about having to sing in front of many people. 24 the day of the first practice, I told the choir teacher I decided to leave the choir.

That night, the choir teacher came to my home. She wanted me to sing a song to 25. At first, I was too nervous to sing a word. "Don't let your fear (恐惧) stop you from being all you can be," she said. That made me 26. "Maybe I could give it a try," I said to myself. I sang loudly and clearly. It 27 really great.

"Cathy," the teacher said, "I have some good news and some bad news. The good news is that I will invite you 28 the choir again. The bad news is that you will be the soloist. You're 29 good to be in the

back. Can you do it?"

I still felt nervous, 30 on the inside, I was happy. "Yes, I can," I said.

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| 21. A. even    | B. never    |
| C. still       | D. only     |
| 22. A. an      | B. the      |
| C. a           | D. /        |
| 23. A. many    | B. much     |
| C. more        | D. most     |
| 24. A. From    | B. For      |
| C. At          | D. On       |
| 25. A. herself | B. her      |
| C. she         | D. hers     |
| 26. A. think   | B. to think |
| C. thinks      | D. thinking |
| 27. A. feel    | B. feels    |
| C. was feeling | D. felt     |
| 28. A. to join | B. join     |
| C. joined      | D. joining  |
| 29. A. as      | B. also     |
| C. so          | D. too      |
| 30. A. so      | B. if       |
| C. but         | D. because  |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

Ms. Jones is our English teacher. She is from the UK. She began to teach 31 last year. But now she is leaving for her country. We are so 32 to see her go because she is a good teacher. We are going to have a 33 for her. We think it is the best way to say "Thank you and goodbye".

We 34 to have the party this

Saturday. Now we are preparing for it. Wang Lei and Wei Wei 35 all the teachers. Our Chinese teacher Miss Zhang 36 come. Her family is taking a trip to Beijing this weekend. 37, the other teachers promised to come. Li Ye is writing a thank-you note. We want to show 38 we're going to miss Ms. Jones. He asks Wu Shan to read it to Ms. Jones, because Wu Shan 39 very good English. I am going to play a piano piece for Ms. Jones at the party. And I'll also 40 a fun game to play at the party.

We hope the party will be very great.

- |                  |              |
|------------------|--------------|
| 31. A. them      | B. us        |
| C. him           | D. you       |
| 32. A. glad      | B. sad       |
| C. relaxed       | D. excited   |
| 33. A. trip      | B. meal      |
| C. prize         | D. party     |
| 34. A. plan      | B. refuse    |
| C. forget        | D. happen    |
| 35. A. caught    | B. believed  |
| C. saw           | D. invited   |
| 36. A. will      | B. can't     |
| C. has to        | D. doesn't   |
| 37. A. Probably  | B. Usually   |
| C. Luckily       | D. Hardly    |
| 38. A. how       | B. how many  |
| C. how much      | D. when      |
| 39. A. writes    | B. speaks    |
| C. likes         | D. shares    |
| 40. A. hear from | B. turn down |
| C. make out      | D. think of  |

#### IV. 阅读理解(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

第一节: 阅读下面一篇短文, 从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

An important question about eating out is who pays for the meal. If someone asks you to have lunch with him, you may say something like this, "I'm afraid it'll have to be someplace cheap, as I have very little money." The other person may say, "OK, I'll meet you at a fast food restaurant."

That means the two agree to go Dutch. That is, each person pays for himself. The person may also say, "Oh, no, I want to take you to lunch at Smith's." or "I want you to try the Chinese dumplings. They're great." That means the person wants to pay for both of you. If you feel friendly towards this person, you can go with him and you needn't pay for the meal. You may just say, "Thank you. That would be very nice."

American customs about who pays for dates (约会) are the same as those in other parts of the world. In the old days, American women wanted men to pay for all the meals. But today, a university girl or a woman in business world will usually pay for herself during the date. If a man asks a woman for a dinner after the working hours, it means "Come, as my guest." So as you can see, it is a polite thing to make the question clear from the very beginning.

41. If someone has little money, \_\_\_\_\_.

A. he will choose someplace cheap to



- have a meal
- B. he will borrow some money to pay for the meal
- C. he will ask his friend to pay for his meal
- D. he won't let his friend ask him to dinner
42. What do the underlined words "go Dutch" mean in Chinese?
- A. 去饭馆                      B. 各自付款
- C. 订餐                         D. 就餐
43. In America some girls and women usually \_\_\_\_\_ now.
- A. ask men to pay for their meals
- B. try to pay for the men's meals
- C. try to pay for their own meals
- D. eat nothing outside
44. We'd better know who will pay for the meal \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. in the beginning
- B. in the end
- C. in the middle of the meal
- D. after drinking
45. What's the passage mainly about?
- A. How to eat out.
- B. Where to eat out.
- C. Who pays for the meal.
- D. What to eat out.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

On Friday night my husband David and I went to a surprise fiftieth birthday party for our friend, Therese.

Her friend Janet planned the party a few weeks ago, but Therese knew nothing about it.

We all met at the restaurant at a quarter to seven. 46 We had a special room at the back. Therese's son asked Therese to come to the restaurant at 7 o'clock. Just before seven we all stood in one corner of the room and the lights (灯) were turned off. 47

Therese's son went to meet her and brought her to the room. He stood back politely so that Therese could go in first. 48

Therese jumped in surprise when she heard the shout. Then we sang *Happy Birthday* together and she began to know what was happening. 49

For her birthday gift, Therese got a beautiful quilt. 50

- A. There were about 50 people.
- B. She didn't know the address.
- C. But she didn't think it was a good party.
- D. And at this time we all shouted, "Surprise!"
- E. It was a very special quilt, because there were her family photos on it.
- F. We all had a delicious meal followed by a piece of fruit birthday cake.
- G. It was not so dark, but the room looked empty from the door.

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 很高兴收到你的来信。



I am glad to \_\_\_\_\_ you.

52. 杰克上午不在家。他去看医生了。

Jake wasn't at home this morning. He \_\_\_\_\_.

53. 我父母在为爷爷的 80 岁生日宴会做准备。

My parents are \_\_\_\_\_  
for my grandpa's 80th birthday party.

54. 你们打算什么时候去泰山旅行?

When do you plan to \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ to Mount Tai?

55. 她为什么拒绝了你的邀请?

Why did she \_\_\_\_\_  
your invitation?

VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

party, call, worry, he, four,  
good, they, invite, cake, happy

Bobby was six years old, and it was time for him to go to school. There were nineteen other little boys and girls in 56. \_\_\_\_\_ class. They often went to parties together.

When one of the children had a birthday, he or she would 57. \_\_\_\_\_ all the other children to come to the party. And at Christmas all the mothers had parties for the children.

Bobby liked 58. \_\_\_\_\_ very much. He liked playing games there, but he liked the nice food 59. \_\_\_\_\_. His favorite food was cakes.

Before a party, Bobby's mother always

asked him not to eat too many 60. \_\_\_\_\_. and Bobby always answered, "I won't, Mom." But he always ate a lot and sometimes he got ill. Christmas came again and again, and there were a lot of parties. Bobby went to all of 61. \_\_\_\_\_. The last one was on January 6th.

One evening before this party, Bobby's mother 62. \_\_\_\_\_ the woman who would have the party. "Don't 63. \_\_\_\_\_," answered the woman. "At the party, a child can only have three cakes and the cakes are small."

"Oh, good!" Bobby's mother answered 64. \_\_\_\_\_. On January 6th, she took Bobby to the party. When it was time to eat, Bobby took four cakes and began to eat them. "You can only have three cakes, Bobby!" said the woman. She asked the boy to put the 65. \_\_\_\_\_ one back on the plate. "I can't," answered Bobby. "I ate that one first."

VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

During the warm summer, there were many leaves (叶子) on the tall tree in the park. All the leaves were green. As time went on, many of the leaves began to change color. The first leaves to change color began to fall off the tree. "Goodbye!" they called as they fluttered (飘动) down to the ground. "Whee!" they would laugh as they flew away.

One night there came a strong wind. The next morning, almost all the leaves were

gone. There were only three little leaves on the tree. One was brown. One was yellow. One was still green.

“Oh!” said the brown leaf. “I feel very light! I’m ready to fly away.”

A wind came, and the brown leaf fluttered. “This is the time! Goodbye!” he called as he flew away. Minutes later, the wind blew again, and this time rain began to fall. “Here I go!” called the yellow leaf. “Goodbye!”

The green leaf was sad. He didn’t want to stay on the tree all by himself. Just then, a small bird stopped below the leaf. “I’m so glad I found you! Can I stay here until it stops raining? If I get wet, I will feel very cold,” said the bird.

“Sure!” said the green leaf. He wasn’t sad now. He felt happy to be the last leaf on the tree to help the bird stay dry.

66. When did the story happen?

In \_\_\_\_\_.

67. Where was the tree?

It was \_\_\_\_\_.

68. What color are the three leaves?

They are \_\_\_\_\_.

69. Why did the green leaf feel sad?

Because he didn’t want to stay on the tree \_\_\_\_\_.

70. Why did the green leaf feel happy at last?

Because he could \_\_\_\_\_ in the rain.

#### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处

填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Hello, Joe! I’m calling to invite you to a party in our new house.

B: 71. \_\_\_\_\_? Is it a housewarming party?

A: Yes, we’ve just moved in. 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Yes, I’d love to. 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: This Saturday evening. You can come at any time after six.

B: But I haven’t got your new home address!

A: I’m sorry. Our house is at 2 London Road.

B: It’s not so far. I can ride my bike. 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: There will be 15 people that day.

B: Great. A party is more fun with more people. Do you agree with me?

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_. Catch you on Saturday evening.

#### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假如你是 David, 你的好友 Susan 打算本周日和家人去野营, 她邀请你一同前往, 但是你答应弟弟周日上午和他一起参观科学博物馆, 而且下午你还有两个小时的吉他课, 所以不能和她去野营。请你给 Susan 写一封邮件说明情况。词数 70 左右。

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## Unit 10 测评卷

建议时间:90分钟

满分:100分

完成时间:

得分:

### 第一部分(听力 共30分)

#### I. 听选答案(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:听下面10段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共10小题,计10分)

1. A. On Saturday morning.  
B. On Saturday afternoon.  
C. On Saturday evening.
2. A. To go to the movies.  
B. To study for an exam.  
C. To go to a party.
3. A. A welcome party.    B. A class party.  
C. A birthday party.
4. A. Because he has to do his homework.  
B. Because he has to look after his mother.  
C. Because he has to do the housework.
5. A. Jessica.                      B. Mike.  
C. Nick.
6. A. Cold.                          B. Warm.  
C. Cool.
7. A. Eating more vegetables.  
B. Doing more exercise.  
C. Eating more fruit.
8. A. The black one.              B. The white one.  
C. The blue one.
9. A. She lost her movie ticket.  
B. She fell off her bicycle.

C. She had a fight with her parents.

10. A. He will go to bed at once.  
B. He will finish his homework first.  
C. He will finish his homework at 10:00.

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据对话的内容,从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。(共5小题,计10分)

听第11段对话,回答第11、12小题。

11. What color is Ben's dog?  
A. Black.    B. White.    C. Brown.
12. What's Kate doing?  
A. She is calling.  
B. She is doing her homework.  
C. She is helping to look for a dog.

听第12段对话,回答第13至15小题。

13. How is Henry?  
A. Excited.    B. Relaxed.    C. Unhappy.
14. What did Henry do last night?  
A. He played computer games.  
B. He studied for his math test.  
C. He watched a soccer game.
15. What is Henry doing now?  
A. Talking to his mom on the phone.  
B. Waiting for the school bus.  
C. Eating his breakfast.

#### II. 听填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍。请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下

列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Tomorrow is \_\_\_\_\_.
17. If it is sunny, they will \_\_\_\_\_  
to the West Hill.
18. First, they will \_\_\_\_\_.
19. If it rains, they will \_\_\_\_\_  
the factory near their school.
20. In the factory they will see how the  
workers \_\_\_\_\_.

## 第二部分(笔试 共 70 分)

### III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

When your parents are fighting, you don't know what to do. You may feel sad or 21 angry when it happens.

Remember, 22 people love each other, they may fight. The fight doesn't mean they don't love each other or that they're going 23 for a divorce (离婚).

If people live together 24 spend a lot of time with each other, they will sometimes disagree 25 each other and get angry. It's common. Sometimes 26 and your brother or sister get into a fight. The same 27 for parents.

If you get really upset when your parents fight, you 28 talk to them about your feeling. Sometimes, parents don't know that their fight makes you feel upset 29 you tell them. Then they'll probably try 30.

At least they will tell you why they are fighting.

- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| 21. A. ever   | B. else        |
| C. also       | D. even        |
| 22. A. if     | B. though      |
| C. and        | D. because     |
| 23. A. to ask | B. ask         |
| C. asking     | D. asks        |
| 24. A. before | B. but         |
| C. so         | D. and         |
| 25. A. of     | B. with        |
| C. to         | D. on          |
| 26. A. your   | B. yours       |
| C. you        | D. yourself    |
| 27. A. goes   | B. went        |
| C. go         | D. going       |
| 28. A. must   | B. mustn't     |
| C. should     | D. can't       |
| 29. A. unless | B. as          |
| C. because    | D. when        |
| 30. A. stop   | B. to stopping |
| C. to stop    | D. stops       |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

In 1978, 17-year-old Larry Mullen was a student and studied in a high school. He was very 31 in music. And he tried to 32 music lovers to start his own band. In the autumn of that year, he found another three boys 33 they had a band named U2. Few people know for certain 34 U2 means. Some people guess its meaning is "you, too". Others think it means "we are together".

They did a lot of traveling in many countries and gave 35. More and more people got to know them and loved their music. The band 36 many prizes and it became a 37 rock band in the world.

Many years later, the members of the band are 38 close friends. They often play music and 39 shows in different countries. They are still popular 40 people all over the world. Their songs are always in people's heart.

31. A. worried                      B. interested  
C. busy                              D. afraid
32. A. look for                      B. look around  
C. look forward                  D. look like
33. A. until                          B. if  
C. but                                D. and
34. A. why                          B. how  
C. what                              D. which
35. A. songs                         B. concerts  
C. speeches                        D. lessons
36. A. won                          B. chose  
C. found                            D. broke
37. A. final                         B. famous  
C. similar                         D. common
38. A. yet                            B. just  
C. only                              D. still
39. A. take                         B. play  
C. pass                              D. give
40. A. by                            B. for  
C. with                              D. from

#### IV. 阅读理解(共10小题,计10分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所

给句子的一个最佳答案。

#### Anna, 11

I've got two invitations from two friends. One is from Lucy and the other is from Lisa. Lucy invited me to go camping and Lisa asked me to go to her birthday party. They chose the same day, this Sunday. In fact, I want to go to the movies with my parents that day. I don't know how to refuse them without making them angry.

#### Tina, 14

I always say "yes" to everything. For example, today it was Wendy's duty (责任) to clean the classroom after school, but she wanted me to help her. I had planned to help my mother do some housework after school. However, I just couldn't say no to Wendy. I wish I could learn to say no.

#### Jim, 13

My parents always make decisions for me. For example, they asked me to go camping with them this winter holiday, but I wanted to go skating with my friends. They said skating was dangerous. And they also didn't trust my friends. What should I do?

#### Sally, 12

I'm a girl who wants to be a dancer. But my parents want me to be a doctor. They always tell me what to do and don't care what I think. I don't want to listen to my parents in all things. I just want to be true to myself.

41. What does Anna want to do this Sunday?

- A. To go camping.
- B. To go climbing.

- C. To go to a party.  
D. To go to the movies.
42. What problem does Tina have?  
A. She has too many invitations.  
B. She has too much housework to do.  
C. She doesn't know how to help her friends.  
D. She doesn't know how to turn others down.
43. Jim wants to go skating \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. with his parents  
B. with his friends  
C. this weekend  
D. next winter holiday
44. Who wants to be a dancer?  
A. Tina.                      B. Anna.  
C. Sally.                     D. Jim.
45. Jim and Sally both have problems with their \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. friends                    B. parents  
C. study                      D. health

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Travelers like to experience another country's customs, see how people live there and learn something from its culture. Many people love to visit Thailand because of its beautiful sights and special culture. Although everyone from any part of the world feels welcome in Thailand and English is widely spoken, traditional culture is still there.

46 There are five kinds of the *wai*, depending on (取决于) whom you are

greeting.

In Thai culture, the head is thought to be the most important part of the human body.

47 It's bad manners to step on a coin, because the emperor's (统治者的) head is on the coin.

Feet are impure (不纯洁的) in Thai culture, so never touch or point at someone with your feet. 48

People don't show anger or disagreement in public in Thailand. Most of the time, the Thais have a smile on their faces because the idea of fun is important in Thai culture. 49

There are many unique customs in Thai culture. 50

- A. It is very impolite to touch someone else's head even if he/she is a child.  
B. Go to visit Thailand and experience them.  
C. One of the most famous signs is the traditional greeting—the *wai*.  
D. You must be a stranger here.  
E. Sitting with your feet pointing at places of interest is very impolite.  
F. Whatever they do, it should be fun.  
G. It's impolite to sit somewhere with your shoes off.

V. 完成句子:根据所给汉语意思,用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题,计5分)

51. 我可以把这件事告诉你,但是你必须

保密。

I can tell you about it, but you must keep it to \_\_\_\_\_.

52. 迈克才仅仅完成作业的一部分。

Mike is still only \_\_\_\_\_ his homework.

53. 还有谁愿意参加音乐俱乐部?

\_\_\_\_\_ would like to join the music club?

54. 妈妈让卡拉把这个苹果切成两半。

Mom told Carla to cut this apple \_\_\_\_\_.

55. 最糟糕的事情是逃避现实。

The worst thing is to \_\_\_\_\_ reality.

VI. 短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次,每空限填一个单词。)(共10小题,计10分)

interest, him, meet, advise, question, tell, write, walk, upset, will

It was Friday afternoon. Ryan 56. \_\_\_\_\_ home from school. The weekend was coming, but Ryan was 57. \_\_\_\_\_. Mrs. Lawson asked him to 58. \_\_\_\_\_ an article about Kenya. The country in Africa is so far away. Ryan thought he 59. \_\_\_\_\_ never go there in his life. He did not know what to write.

Ryan 60. \_\_\_\_\_ his mom the problem. He expected some sympathy (同情), but his mom told him that everyone should learn something about the outside

world. She said they would have a family 61. \_\_\_\_\_ to help Ryan.

Soon Ryan's dad and his sister were home and the meeting began. They gave Ryan lots of 62. \_\_\_\_\_. They said Ryan should make a list of 63. \_\_\_\_\_ about Kenya, such as where the country is, and what people in Kenya eat. Ryan started to become a little curious (好奇的) 64. \_\_\_\_\_. He wondered what his life would be like if he lived in Kenya. Looking at the list, Ryan believed that his article would be very 65. \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_.

VII. 任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共5小题,计10分)

Kevin would be 12 years old on Sunday and he looked forward to having a big party in the garden. But he knew this wasn't going to happen. His parents bought a car and they didn't have enough money for the big party. Kevin felt a little upset.

Soon Kevin's parents came up with an idea. They bought a birthday cake and drinks for the party and then they asked Kevin's good friends to bring some food to the party. Mark said he would bring sandwiches and popcorn, Albert pizza, and Jane ice-cream. In this way, Kevin would have a big but cheap party.

On Sunday morning, Kevin's parents told Kevin that they would have a birthday party for him in their garden. "A party? That's great! Thank you, Dad and Mom!" Kevin said happily.

When he came to the garden, Kevin was

happy to see all of his good friends there. He also saw a big table covered with food and drinks. His family and friends prepared everything for the big party!

At the party, Kevin learned that it didn't matter how you had a party as long as your loved ones were there.

66. Where did Kevin want to have a big party?

He wanted to have a big party \_\_\_\_\_.

67. Why didn't Kevin's parents have enough money?

Because they \_\_\_\_\_.

68. What did Kevin's parents buy for the party?

They bought \_\_\_\_\_.

69. When did they have the party?

They had the party \_\_\_\_\_.

70. Who prepared everything for the party?

\_\_\_\_\_ did that.

### VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Hello, Alex! 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I'm going to put up the poster (海报) on the wall.

A: A poster?

B: Yes. We are going to have a class party.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: At half past six tomorrow evening.

A: Oh, great! 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I'm going to wear my school uniform. What

about you?

A: I'm going to wear my jeans. 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I think if you wear jeans, the teachers won't let you in.

A: Well. I'll wear my school uniform, too.

75. \_\_\_\_\_!

B: See you!

### IX. 书面表达(共1题,计10分)

假设你是李华,刚刚收到笔友 Jason 的来信。请你根据来信内容给他写一封回信,向他提供一些帮助和建议。

Dear Li Hua,

My parents want me to get good grades and get into a good high school and college. But I got "Bs" in the tests last month. I made so many careless mistakes that I felt like a loser.

The final exams are coming and I can't sleep well at night. What should I do? Can you give me some advice?

Jason

要求: 1. 语句通顺,行文连贯,内容充实;

2. 70 词左右。

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